The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By J. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

CHAPTER IX.
[To be Continued]

May 8th, drew rations in the morning, and moved out at nine o'clock, marched till 5 p. m., when we crossed the Polecat river, and camped, having marched about eighteen miles.

On May 9th, we marched from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. in heavy showers and deep mud; were delayed in crossing rivers, and making corduroy roads, for the movement of artillery and wagon trains; a very hard march, and made only fifteen miles. We crossed during the day, the Mat, Ta, Po, and and Ny rivers, the four branches that form the Mattapony river. Camped just north of the Ny.

We left our camp on the Ny at an early hour, on the morning of May 10th, marched on the Richmond and Fredericksburg "Telegraph Road;" passed Massaponax Church at ten a. m. and at 12 m. we crossed the famous battle-field of Fredericksburg, Va., marched through Fredericksburg with music and unfurled banners, crossed the Rappahannock river on Pontoon bridges, passed over old fortifications on "Stafford Heights," along the river through historic Falmouth, thence over our old camping ground of 1862, to Potomac Creek, where we camped for the night, after marching twenty miles.

From Stafford Heights we had, once more, a fine view of Fredericksburg, and the battle field, on which over twelve thousand young men of the Union Army went down, absolutely without return. Some distance to the right, (north) could be seen the dreadfully neglected burying ground of the Washington family, where the mother of Washington is buried; her monument lying down, and almost hid by the weeds and briars that grew undisturbed on the plot which was then without a fence, and seemed a part of the town common.

The march homeward was resumed at an early hour on the morning of May 11th. Much rain of late rendered the roads almost impassable; we were obliged to corduroy much of the roads through low lands and river bottoms, for the movement of artillery, and wagon trains, so that with great fatigue, we made only about fifteen miles and bivouacked near Quantico Creek, on the east of Forestburg, Va. Toward evening we had the most violent storm of wind, hail, thunder and rain, the boys were ever called to endure. The crashes of thunder; the flashes of lightning, and the fall of rain and hail were indescribable. A few inches of hail and rain fell. Roads and ravines were filled with torrents of rushing water and floating hail. The column moved slower and slower in the icy current, shoe, to knee-deep, finally stopping altogether, and standing still in column, to the end of the storm; during which there was scarcely a word spoken.

For several days the boys bore black and blue marks, left on their cheeks, noses, ears and hands, caused by the descending hail-stones of this storm; we were completely soaked; shoes full of water. With the end of this storm the day ended; night set in fearfully cold. Mud, water and sleet, everywhere. No wood to build fires; no "dry land" to lie down upon; the bivouac of the 148 P. V. was located on a great water-covered plain, so the boys were on their feet all night, standing in bunches, growling about everything and at each other.

The morning of May 12th dawned clear and cold; the boys, though completely tired out and benumbed with cold, early bestirred themselves in their rushes for fuel; bright and cheerful fires were soon burning everywhere and for miles around, as often before, a deep, smoky haze hung over the landscape, and a most miserable bivouac, which greatly dimmed the glory of the rising sun. About eight o'clock we had recovered our "equanimity," and usual spirits over a big breakfast of crackers, pork and hot coffee, and were again on the road, but we have never learned why the Union Army was asked to make a "forced march" homeward, after the war was over, regardless of heat, storms and rain, through swamp-lands and over impassable roads.

We floundered along, building corduroy road here and there, till 4 p. m. when we reached the Occoquan river, and camped near the town of Occoquan, fifteen miles from our bivouac at Forestburg, Va.

The Booklovers Magazine for November is a strong number in every sense of the word: strong in variety, strong in the human interest of its articles, strong on its artistic side, and strong in its Americanism. Every article is fully illustrated.

7000 FRUIT TREES.

C. P. Long is Setting Out a Twenty-Five Acre Orchard.

It is the aim of C. P. Long, the Spring Mills general merchant and lumberman, to have an orchard of seven thousand trees. He has now growing three thousand trees, all in good, thrifty condition, and it is his purpose to plant one thousand trees each year until the seven thousand mark noted above is reached.

The orchard is located midway between Spring Mills and Millheim, north of Salem Reformed church, on the property known as the Robert Smith place. An orchard to accommodate such a large number of trees will cover a plot of about twenty-five acres. The varieties of fruit now growing are apples, plums, pears, cherries and peaches.

The place is tenanted by John Hoover, but H. H. Rachau is the man upon whom Mr. Long depends to oversee the planting of the trees and to whom is entrusted the care of the same.

No better place for an orchard could be selected, and with proper care and attention the return will undoubtedly prove successful from a financial point of view. Mr. Long's success will induce others to follow his course. These latter will have his experience to profit by. The community is indebted to Mr. Long for the progressive spirit he is showing, and leading the way to the development of a possible fruit belt with scarcely a limit. Success to Mr. Long.

LOCALS.

Clover seed wanted. Price according to quality—J. H. & S. E. Weber, Centre Hall and Oak Hall.

George D. Grazier, of Huntingdon Furnace, has started a kennel to raise man-trailing bloodhounds. He has secured a pair of the animals from Dr. Lougest's kennels at Boston.

John H. Runkle moved from the Hemphill house to the house vacated by J. S. Auman. The change was made so he would be nearer his work, he being employed by Messrs. Weber.

Mrs. John C. Rowe, wife of Recorder Rowe, was taken to Philadelphia Friday afternoon where she entered the German hospital for treatment. Mrs. Rowe has been ailing for a year past.

A large number of fruit trees, berries, shrubbery, etc., were shipped to Centre Hall by the Farmers' Nursery Company, Tippecanoe City, Ohio, and were distributed to various sections in Penns Valley.

Prof. Foss' automobile was the means of frightening a horse driven by Randolph Hoy, of State College, which resulted in Mr. Hoy being thrown from his buggy and sustaining severe bruises and cuts.

Deputy Prothonotary D. R. Foreman spent Saturday and Sunday with his mother near Centre Hill. Mr. Foreman's visits to the South side are not long nor frequent, although he is always heartily welcomed.

William Reiber, of Colyer, was in town Saturday disposing of the six to seven hundred pounds of choice honey gathered by his colonies of bees. He is well posted in bee lore, and gives his apiary first attention.

Thomas Wilson, of this place, had the good luck to kill a fine wild turkey Thursday afternoon. He is an experienced hunter, and the season seldom goes by without some important game finding its way into his bag.

A pheasant flew against Mrs. Moore Fredericks' head with such force that the impact stunned the bird and caused it to fall to the ground, where it was picked up by the lady, carried home, prepared and served on the table. The incident happened as Mrs. Fredericks was walking on the streets in Lock Haven.

McClure's for November is fairly athrill with the keenest interest in the world of men and things of to-day. In both article and story, it is not only pleasing but hewn close to the line of life. Indeed, McClure's seems to become constantly richer, more varied and more brilliant, as this number is well in evidence.

Harvey E. Royer, of Colby, Ohio, came east last week, having been called here on account of the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. Henry Royer, of near Centre Hill. Mr. Royer is located near Bellevue, which is surrounded by one of the most delightful and productive farming communities in the state of Ohio.

Clayton J. Greninge last week moved from Wolf's Store to Centre Hall into the Hemphill house vacated by John H. Runkle. Mr. Greninge is a miller, and has taken charge of the roller flouring mill recently purchased by Messrs. J. H. and S. E. Weber. While he is a comparatively young man, he has had large experience in the milling business, and is capable of making the choicest brands of flour.

DEATHS.

SAMUEL McCLINTIC.

Saturday afternoon, about three o'clock, the spirit of Samuel McClintic took its flight to the other world. He had been in feeble health for over a year, but had been able to be about until a week before his death, when he suffered from a stroke of paralysis, from which he never rallied, and gradually became weaker until the end.

He was the son of Alexander and Sarah Richtley McClintic, and was raised near Walnut Grove, south of Boalsburg, near the spot where he died and where he has lived for the past thirty years. Had he lived until the 15th of December he would have been sixty-six years old.

His wife, who was Miss Nancy Hook, and the following children, survive: Frank, Linden Hall; Sallie, wife of Daniel Corman, Rebersburg; Lloyd, in Iowa; Mollie, wife of Morris Miller, Bellefonte; Cora and William, at home.

Mr. McClintic was a kind husband and father; a man who enjoyed the respect of a large circle of neighbors and friends, and whose quiet, kindly disposition will not soon be forgotten.

The funeral was held from his late home Tuesday morning, at nine o'clock. Services were held in the Reformed church, conducted by Rev. A. A. Black, his pastor, and interment was made in the Boalsburg cemetery.

EMANUEL CRONMILLER.

Emanuel Cronmiller, a prominent and life-long citizen of Haines township, died at his home in Aaronsburg Friday of last week, aged sixty-nine years, three months, fifteen days.

The deceased was ill of pneumonia but for five days. Funeral took place Monday, Rev. F. W. Lauffer, officiating. Mr. Cronmiller was held in the highest esteem by all who knew him. In politics he was a Democrat, and for many years was overseer of the poor. He was a consistent member of the Reformed church, was an elder in that body, and for twenty years was sexton of the church.

Mr. Cronmiller is survived by his wife and three daughters, namely: Jennie, wife of Albert Stambaugh, Lock Haven; Minnie, wife of Perry Adams, State College; Bella, wife of Edward Mingle, Aaronsburg.

MICHAEL CARIS.

Michael Caris, one of the aged and highly respected citizens of Madisonburg, died at his home in that place of cancer of the stomach, aged seventy-six years and ten days.

He has left to survive him one son, Philip Caris, who lives on the homestead at Madisonburg. Funeral services were held Sunday morning conducted by Rev. F. F. Wetzel and Rev. O L. Buck, and interment was made in the Reformed cemetry in Madisonburg.

JOHN W. ISHLER.

John W. Ishler died at his home in Altoona after a brief illness of typhoid pneumonia. Deceased was born in Centre county and was forty-three years of age. He was employed as weighmaster in the Pennsylvania railroad shops. A wife and three daughters survive.

MRS. MARY MORLEY.

Mrs. Mary Morley died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Swope, wife of Dr. Swope, of Julian. Deceased was of English birth but came to this country seventy years ago, and, with her parents, located near Bellefonte. She is survived by six children.

MICHAEL SCHENCK.

Michael Schenck, one of the Schenck family of Howard, where he was born eighty-two years ago, died at the home of his son-in-law, J. I. Cheesman, Altoona. Six children survive. His remains were taken to Howard for interment.

Fire on Tussey Mountain.

For several days last week a fierce fire raged in the Seven Mountains. Tussey Mountain was on fire on the north and south sides for a distance of several miles. Property owners in the valley drove the fire southward, where it destroyed great quantities of young timber. The rain Thursday night extinguished the flames.

New County Bridge.

A county bridge is being built over Sinking Creek, east of Tusseyville, near the home of W. F. Rockey. The creek is wide at that point, and the bridge necessarily will be a comparatively heavy structure.

1 1-2 Inches of Rain.

One and one-half inches of rain fell Thursday night. It was much needed both to swell the streams and refresh the wheat and pasture.

About the surest way to make money fast is to nail it down.

PERSONAL.

To the Residents of Potters Mills and Vicinity:—

It is announced that Republican politicians have promised to re-establish the Potters Mills postoffice either before or after the election.

You can rest assured that if your request to re-establish the postoffice is not granted before the election you have not the least possible hope of having it re-established at any time.

The only incentive to induce politicians to work for the re-establishment of the postoffice in your village is the hope that by so doing they will be able to hold in line the party vote. After the election they will have no concern for you or your postoffice.

The only course open to you, as citizens, who have been wronged through political trickery, is to insist on having the goods delivered before election day. Promises go for naught after the election.

A village of as much importance as Potters Mills, a village first honored by the department as a mailing point in this section of Penns Valley, a village with two general stores and hotel and a surrounding country not now fully served by rural mail routes, is certainly entitled to a postoffice. The conditions existing at present, however, are such that those to be benefited must insist that the office be established prior to the election, otherwise a postoffice at Potters Mills will remain, as at present, a thing of the past.

S. W. SMITH.

Farmers, those of you who take a proper pride in advancing your class when an opportunity is presented, bear in mind that on the Democratic county ticket there will be found the names of two young farmers—J. W. Kepler, candidate for the Legislature, and Arthur B. Kimport, candidate for Prothonotary. You will not be doing your best for the good interests of rural life, the home on the farm, the young men following the plow, unless you not only vote for these candidates, but use your influence to induce others to do the same.

By a decision of the United States Supreme Court, rendered Monday, the efforts of the Oleo Trust to sell its combination of colored fats as butter, in violation of the Grout law, are effectually blocked. Justice Brewer decided that the Grout law was intended to prevent the sale of oleo "as and for butter."

As a result it is expected that the Oleo Trust will double its efforts to have Congress repeal the Grout law, which imposes a tax of ten cents a pound upon colored oleo.

John Noll is sober, honest, intelligent, a man of good moral character. No one need hesitate to vote for such a man for office.

LOCALS.

Grain fields have improved much in appearance during the past week.

E. M. Huvett is building an extensive ice house and refrigerator, combined, on his farm west of Centre Hall.

Next meeting of Progress Grange will be held in Grange Arcadia, Saturday, November 5th, one o'clock.

The Howard canning factory so far has canned three hundred thousand cans of goods, and expects to run about two weeks yet. They made the first shipment this week, remarks the Hustler.

S. E. Weber, of Boalsburg, was in town Saturday conferring with his brother, J. H. Weber, on business matters. The Webers are doing a good business at both Centre Hall and Oak Hall.

A congregational meeting for the election of elders will be held after the service on Friday evening, in the Presbyterian church, Centre Hall. The Lord's Supper will be observed Sunday morning, and the Sunday evening service will be in commemoration of the work of the church in the Louisiana Purchase.

Dr. A. G. Lieb, of Bethlehem, was a caller Thursday morning of last week, and in order to keep in touch with the movements in Penns Valley, became a subscriber to the Reporter. Dr. Lieb came here to look after his interests in the Lieb farm, east of Centre Hall, which farm, containing about three hundred acres, is one of the four farms comprising an inheritance obtained by his great-grandmother from General Potter. He expressed great gratification over the fact that a test well is to be sunk near town, and related that several years ago he obtained a sample of a peculiar formation excavated at a considerable depth at a point near Centre Hall, and that he had the same analyzed at Lehigh University. The sample contained, according to the analysis, properties similar to those common in oil and gas fields.

THAT PROMISE.

Up to date the promise made to have the Potters Mills postoffice reopened has not been fulfilled. It will not be fulfilled because the politicians who made the promise knew at the time, or should have known, that it was not in their power to make good their promise made solely in the interest of the election of Judge Love. It is an election promise, not intended to be kept, even if it could be.

The making of election promises by politicians is an old invention, it has served to accomplish much good in the way of securing votes, but has wrought havoc among those to whom the promise was made, but works no ill to the gentry who planned the deception and profited by the votes gained,—because the sham is never fully realized until after the election.

After the election is over how much will it concern Judge Love whether Potters Mills has a postoffice or not?

Do you think for an instant that the President Judge of Centre county would turn his hand one way or the other in this matter if he did not hope to gain votes? After the election is over he will be shorn of his political prestige—what could he do if he wished?

After the votes have been counted and Judge Love has been defeated, who of the patrons of the Potters Mills postoffice will even have the hardihood to go to him and ask that the promise that "he would see that the postoffice at Potters Mills would be restored within two weeks," made to a representative citizen of Potters Mills, would be carried out?

The fact that Judge Love made this promise in his private office, in the presence of a witness, would not help matters after the election. It was an election promise, that's all, and like when he endorsed Mr. Bible's credentials for the postmastership which was the means of turning Mr. McCoy, the Insurgent, down he no doubt added, "don't say anything to any one."

Mr. Voter, what's your opinion of a President Judge who is engaged in such work?

Col. W. J. Bryan, during an address in West Virginia, said: "One of two men will be President. It will be Roosevelt or Parker. If I did not do what I could to help Parker, I would be helping Roosevelt; and I am not willing to take the responsibility of four years more of Roosevelt.

"My main concern in this campaign is that every man who voted for me shall vote for Parker and Davis. Let us give to Parker and Davis all the votes were given to me. I tried to save this country from imperialism, and I failed. I am now going to help Parker save it."

Thinking that the Democratic organization is not making an effort to gain votes for Parker, the Republicans are putting forth every effort to secure support for Roosevelt, hoping to make it appear, after the election, that Centre county is Republican on a straight party vote. Democrats should keep in mind that it is important to poll the full vote for the head of the ticket, important from a local standpoint, because the apportionment of delegates to county and state conventions will be based on the Parker vote cast at the coming election.

It is not necessary to sacrifice a single candidate on the Democratic ticket. Trading is a feature introduced in politics by the unscrupulous. It is an unfair means of gaining victory. No one who is a Democrat in principle will entertain the trading idea; and no Democrat worthy of being placed on the ticket will suggest trading for his benefit. Don't trade; it is dishonorable.

Mr. Kepler, during his first term in the Legislature, accomplished more than many members who had been re-elected for several terms in succession. Ought not such work be recognized by the voters on election day? Certainly, and it will. Mr. Kepler has proved himself alert and competent—a faithful servant in the Legislature.

Arthur B. Kimport has every qualification necessary to make an ideal head in the Prothonotary's office. He has served an apprenticeship, and knows the outs and ins in the work. There is not another office in the county that requires as much care and attention as does that of the Prothonotary, but Mr. Kimport is equal to it all.

John Noll is a good, honest, hard-working mechanic. If elected to the Legislature he will work equally as hard and faithful to accomplish the passage of every bill that will be beneficial to the people of Centre county. That is why every one can conscientiously vote for Mr. Noll for Assembly.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

A fine rain fell Thursday night of last week.

A panther, twelve feet in length, was killed at Farrandsville, Clinton county.

Monday night is hallow-e'en. The boys usually do "light house-cleaning" on that night.

George Glace was one of the lucky young hunters Friday. He killed a nine-pound wild turkey hen.

Miss Annie Lohr, Friday of last week went to Farrandsville where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Ellen Pringle.

Elizabeth Aurand, a pretty young woman of McVeytown, shouldered a gun, went into the woods in search of game and returned with a fine, large gobbler as a prize.

Messrs. Brisbin and Bradford purchased the chestnut timber on the tract of woodland located on top of Nittany Mountain, owned by Mrs. Mary Ross, of this place.

C. K. Sober, Esq., finds ready sale for the Paragon chestnuts he is raising on a large scale at from eight to twelve dollars per bushel, and the supply is not equal to the demand.

John Corman, east of Centre Hall, on the Brockerhoff farm, will succeed Gardner Grove as tenant on the Lieb farm, on the Brush Valley road, about three miles below town.

Capt. David Mitchell, of New Berlin, Captain of Company D, 208th Regiment, died recently. He is a relative of the Bilgers, of Pleasant Gap, and is known to many Centre county people.

The board of directors of the State College National Bank have elected from among their number W. C. Patterson to be president and J. T. McCormick to be vice president of the bank.

Miss Myra Goodhart, of Milroy, was home from Thursday of last week until Monday. Miss Goodhart has become a skilled operator in the Thompson knitting mills, and is engaged in doing embroidery work.

The corner stone of the new Andrew Carnegie Library of Bucknell University, Lewisburg, was laid with appropriate ceremonies Thursday of last week. The library is to accommodate one hundred thousand volumes.

John Foster's team ran away from State College station, capsizing W. K. Corl's buggy and making a complete wreck of it. Mr. Corl, who was in the buggy trying to get out of the way of the runaway team, had a narrow escape.

John F. Gray, of the insurance firm of John F. Gray & Son, Bellefonte, stopped in Centre Hall a short time on his way home from Millheim. Mr. Gray is well pleased with the business his insurance firm is doing. The Grays are successors to Grant Hoover.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lingle, of Milesburg, together with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lingle, of Pitcairn, last week, visited Lycurgus R. Lingle, south of town. It was a little family gathering. Mr. Lingle is engaged with the Westinghouse people in Pitcairn and with his wife is spending his vacation with his parents and brother.

The clover seed crop is an important one on many farms in Penns Valley this fall. Among others who had a nice lot of seed hulled was Newton Yarnell, living on the farm of D. J. Meyer, near Linden Hall, sixty-two bushels being the amount reported. Clover seed is worth between five and six dollars per bushel.

Experiments are to be made to prevent damage to the bridges by ice gorges in the Susquehanna river. Last spring bridges at many points were badly damaged by the gorges. It is planned to place heavy steel bars along the vulnerable points of the stone piers. They will be firmly fastened in such a manner as to keep the piers from being injured.

While Frank Jacobs, at the Burnham Standard wheel finishing shop, was engaged at one of the machines his sleeve caught between two cog wheels and his arm was being drawn into them when Thomas Wherry seized the arm and held it until the machine was stopped, but not before the operation of pinching had been commenced and the sleeve had been pretty well cut.

The installment of "Frenzied Finance" in the November number of Everybody's Magazine offers what is probably the best account of a financial war ever printed. Mr. Lawson is now well into the main course of his narrative which leads by way of the Boston gas fights to Amalgamated Copper. Addicks has persuaded him to take charge of his—Addicks's—contest with Henry H. Rogers and "Standard Oil."

BALTIC FLEET FIRES ON BRITISH BOATS

Fishing Steamers Riddled and Number of Men Killed o Wounded.

SURPRISE AND INTENSE INDIGNATION.

The Bombardment of the Defenseless Vessels Lasted About 20 Minutes—It Is Thought That the Russians, Alarmed By the Sending Up of Rockets From the British Vessels, Suspected a Submarine or Torpedo Boat Attack.

Hull, England (By Cable).—A. M. Jackson & Co., solicitors for the owners of 50 Hull fishing boats, have notified the Foreign Office of an attack on the Hull fishing fleet by the Russian Pacific fleet, commonly designated as the Baltic squadron, commanded by Vice Admiral Rojestvensky.

The official information is that shortly after midnight Friday the Russian squadron fell in with the Hull fishing fleet in the North Sea 200 miles off Spurn Head.

The Russian ships were steaming in line. The leading ships passed without incident, though most of the vessels turned searchlights on the trawlers long enough to prevent any mistake as to identity.

After the bulk of the squadron had passed it opened fire, nearly all participating in the firing. The steam trawler Crane was struck below the water line and raked above deck.

Two Men Beheaded.

Skipper Smith and third hand Leggott had their heads carried clean away by a shot, many of the crew being seriously wounded. Another trawler was also sunk, but the steamer Gea Gull, which brought the news to Hull, has no particulars as to the fate of her crew.

The steam trawlers Moulmein and Mino have arrived at Hull, seriously damaged by shots, the latter having 16 holes in her hull. It is feared that other damage was done to trawlers and that at least one more was lost with all hands.

The news has created an intense sensation and indignation in Hull. The Moulmein arrived with her flag at half mast. Her skipper states that the trawlers were finishing about 220 miles each by north of Spurn Head at 1 o'clock Saturday morning, the weather being hazy, when the outlines of several vessels, apparently warships sailing in a line, were dimly seen.

Whilst the crew were watching the warships, searchlights were flashed upon them, in the glare of which the Moulmein's crew observed what they took to be torpedo boats approaching, apparently with the intention of boarding the Moulmein.

Fired for Twenty Minutes.

They steamed away, however, and soon the fishermen were horrified to find they were being fired upon. First one and then another trawler was struck by flying shot. The Mino, lying to be a round shot went through the Moulmein's galley. The Mino, lying nearby, also was struck with many shots, but, fortunately, the damage was above her water line, and none of her crew was struck. The bombardment lasted about 20 minutes. When it had ceased the fleet sailed southward, and some of the trawlers sent up rockets. The Moulmein steered in the direction of the rocket. Soon cries were heard, and the Crane was found sinking, with another trawler taking off some of her crew. Those seriously injured were removed to a mission ship, and the bodies of Smith and Leggott were placed aboard the Moulmein. The other men with minor injuries were put aboard the trawlers Sea Gull, which at a late hour had not arrived at Hull.

Crowds have gathered around the dock, but no further information is available.

Representatives of the fishing fleet started for London to consult with the authorities there.

No motive can be assigned for the extraordinary procedure of the Russian warships.

A Survivor's Story.

The only survivor of the Crane who has yet reached here is J. A. Smith, son of the deceased skipper, and who, with the captains of the Moulmein and Mino, is going to London to consult with the authorities. Young Smith was asleep in his bunk when the firing aroused him. Just as he was getting up a shot struck the starboard and penetrated to the forecastle, smashing a lamp near which he was standing. He rushed on deck, where the searchlights revealed the horrible sight of his father and Leggott lying headless and the deck strewn with the injured. It was soon found that the vessel was sinking and signals for assistance were sent up.

From interviews with members of trawler crews it appears that the admiral of the fishing fleet burned green flares to show that they were harmless fishermen, but these signals were ignored.

Eighteen injured men are here under treatment.

One trawler, the Wren, is missing, and it is feared she has been sunk.

There were many distressing scenes at Hull during the day and night, relatives inquiring after friends.

There is a rumor that the Great Northern fishing fleet was also chased by the Russians. This report has not yet been confirmed.

Ex-Mayor Sent to Prison.

Davenport, Iowa (Special).—Ex-Mayor S. F. Smith, of this city, son of Samuel Francis Smith, author of "My Country 'Tis of Thee," stood before Judge House, in the District Court, to receive sentence on two indictments for embezzlement and one for perjury. Smith was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary at Anamosa. As trustee of large estates he recently acknowledged embezzlement of $120,000.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

Two freight trains on the Pennsylvania Division of the New York Central collided near Geneva, N. Y. Three trainmen (C. D. Rogers, Charles Hickey and Engineer Rouse) were killed.

Miss Josephine Hillhouse, daughter of the late James A. Hillhouse, the poet, and the last member of one of the most distinguished families in New Haven, was found dead in her bed.

Secretary Morton has appointed a board of officers to study the types and qualities of torpedo vessels and their machinery needed for the Navy and as to the number necessary.

Allen Parker, cashier of the First National Bank of Tullahoma, Tenn., is missing. It is alleged that the bank's books show a shortage of between $50,000 and $75,000.

New York and New England caught the full force of the tropical storm which swept up the coast. Telegraph wires were prostrated in Connecticut and Rhode Island.

Dr. George Purviance, aged 62, of Washington, D. C., plunged headforemost from the fourth-story balcony of the Orthopedic Hospital, in Philadelphia, and was instantly killed.

Robert S. McCormick, American Ambassador to Russia, arrived at New York on the steamer Deutschland. He came home on a leave of absence to attend to urgent private business.

Dr. Auguste Frederic Muller, chief of the staff of the Germantown Hospital, died at his home in Philadelphia of cancer. He was 64 years old.

During the registration of voters in Porto Rico for the election, November 8, several judges who attempted fraud were immediately removed.

The International Congress of Heads of Schools for the Deaf selected Indianapolis as the meeting place of the tenth trienial conference.

The Pittsburg Steamship Company placed an order with the American Shipbuilding Company for four large ore steamers, to cost $430,000 each.

George Jaggers, under sentence of death in the county jail at Newton, N. J., for the murder of Mrs. Mary E. Bevans, committed suicide.

M. H. Phillips, a balloonist, of Hudson, Mich., was fatally injured while making an ascension at the fair grounds at San Angelo, Tex.

Dr. Henry G. Hatch, of Quincy, in a paper before the National Prison Congress, advocated the death penalty for degenerates.

American marines are to be retained on the Isthmus of Panama on account of the unrest among the disgruntled elements.

R. J. Laws, while on a Southern Pacific train, died from heart disease when the train collided with a stock train.

A hurricane has prevailed on the coast of Florida since last Sunday. Many wrecks are reported and great damage has been done to the fruit crop. Eight people were drowned from the schooner Melrose.

The Carnegie Hero Fund Commission will make no awards until its next meeting, which has been fixed for January 18, 1905. Several cases are now under advisement.

Mrs. Eva Lyons was married to Frederick Mehren, a smallpox patient at the Municipal Hospital, in Philadelphia, Magistrate McCleary officiating by telephone.

Marines have been sent to Cramps' shipyard to guard the armored cruiser Pennsylvania, now near completion.

As a result of a quarrel, Charles Harding shot his wife three times and then turned the pistol on himself, at Mobile, Ala. Both are fatally wounded.

William H. Kensington, a leading Mormon, has been arrested at Afton Wyo., on a charge of polygamy.

Two children were burned to death in a fire at the Middleswork Children's Home, at Shelbyville, Ill.

Comptroller of the Currency Ridgely addressed the Illinois Bankers' Association at St. Louis.

The annual meeting of the Crucible Steel Company was held in Jersey City.

The officials of the Nonpareil Coke Works filed a demurrer to the indictment charging them with conspiracy against the government.

John McCullagh, of New York, has been recommended as an available man to organize the police department of Panama.

Charles Schreve, aged 12, of Union City, Pa., died as the result of being kicked in the head while playing football.

Michael F. Dwyer, the turfman, was seriously injured in a trolley collision in New York.

Foreign.

Durham White Stevens, counselor of the Japanese Legation at Washington, who will be diplomatic adviser to the Korean government, has been granted by the Emperor of Japan the decoration of the Grand Cross of the Sacred Treasure. This is the fourth time Mr. Stevens has been decorated by the Emperor of Japan.

Russian police continue to discover in various parts of Russia, particularly in Poland, evidences of revolutionary activity, which they are ascribing to the Jews.

The British government has refused to grant Germany's request for permission to use Walfish Bay for the landing of troops and supplies essential in the war against the natives of German Southwest Africa.

In the French Chamber of Deputies Count Boni de Castellane opened the debate on the interpellations on the subject of the rupture of diplomatic relations between France and the Vatican.

Numbers of houses were swept away and many people drowned by floods at Ain Sefra, Algeria.

SHELLS AGAIN BEGIN TO FLY

Russians Bombard Buddhist Temple at Linshinpu.

JAPANESE ARTILLERY ALSO BUSY.

Kuropatkin's Next Offensive Move Probably Indicated by 200 Russians Crossing the Taitse River East of Bensihu and the Concentration of 20,000 at Kauta Pass—Japs Fortifying Height South of Sakhe.

Preliminary artillery duels preparatory to another battle have been begun south of Mukden. General Sakharoff reports to the Russian War Office that the Russians have bombarded Lamuting and the Buddhist Temple at Linghinpu, while the Japanese have been shelling the Russian position at Shakhe.

Two hundred Russians have crossed the Taitse River, east of Bengihu, and 20,000 are concentrated at Kauta Pass, 20 miles northeast. Kuropatkin may intend to attempt a blow in this direction. The cold is increasing in severity, and flooded fields and streams have been frozen over.

The Japanese report that up to October 22 they buried 10,550 Russians, and upon this basis they estimate the Russian casualties in the recent battle at 60,000.

Advices from Port Arthur, by way of Chefoo, state that the Japanese on October 16 resumed their attack on the Russian outer work at Rihlung Mountain and captured a number of the Russian trenches. A general assault upon Port Arthur will soon be made.

ARTILLERY OPERATIONS.

Military Movements Facilitated By Frozen Fields.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—There is no change in the relative positions of the armies on the Shakhe River. General Sakharoff telegraphs that the Russians have been bombarding Lamuting and the Buddhist temple at Linshinpu, while the Japanese have been shelling the Russian position at Shakhe and near Linshinpu. A dispatch from Mukden reports that the Japanese are fortifying an important height south of Shakhe, and that neither side shows a disposition either to advance or to retire. Another dispatch from the Russian front says the situation is not yet ripe for the resumption of the offensive. This meager but significant admission, all that the censor allows to pass over the wires, doubtless indicates that General Kuropatkin is maturing important plans and distributing his forces in readiness for another attempt to break the Japanese resistance.

MAIN ARMIES RESTING.

Kuropatkin Sends Fresh Men Into the Trenches—Figures of Loss Are Cut.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The rival armies of Russia and Japan, intrenched a short distance from each other south of the Shakhe River, are forced to continue inactivity until the fine weather now prevailing dries the sodden ground and the tired warriors are sufficiently rested to resume operations.

A dispatch from Mukden reports that the Russians on Friday confined themselves to a bombardment of Shakhe Station and the adjoining village of Lamatung, the Japanese feebly responding. This news clears up an interesting point and shows that Shakhe Station is not held by the Russians.

Correspondents report that some regiments of the Fifth Siberian Corps have been engaged in slight skirmishes on the advance line the last few days. The fact that the First and Fifth Siberian were the only corps hitherto unmentioned in reports of the fighting October 19, shows that General Kuropatkin has sent the reserves to the trenches, giving other muchtried corps a thorough rest. Meanwhile the Cossacks are raiding the Japanese lines.

Raiding in the Fog.

The General Staff has received the following dispatch from General Sakharoff:

"The Russian troops October 19 made a reconnoissance in force against the enemy south of the village of Sindiapu. The enemy's outposts were driven back. A Japanese battery which opened fire, was silenced and compelled to retire. There was no fighting October 20. This morning the Russian volunteer sharpshooters under cover of a fog, closed up on the enemy and brought in another gun and limber, which were felt from Poutiloff (formerly Lone Tree Hill). The Japanese opened a heavy fire, but the fire was silenced and they were compelled to retire."

The official list of officers killed and wounded between October 11 and October 13 totals 172, including Major-General Rabinski and 17 field officers killed. The wounded are in the proportion of one to six. The list for the heaviest day's fighting is still unreported, and doubtless the full record will exceed the losses at Liaoyang, when 500 officers were killed or wounded. The losses among the men are not yet reported, but they are thought to approximate not much over 20,000.

Cannon in Queer Place.

It has developed that after the Lone Tree Hill fight the Japanese were unable to remove a number of cannon in addition to those left on the hill and they remained midway between the Russian and Japanese trenches. As they lay these guns were so exposed to fire from both sides that it was impossible for either Russians or Japanese to get possession of them during daylight, and repeated attempts have been made by both sides to secure the guns under cover of darkness. Up to the present time Cossack detachments have succeeded in getting three of the cannon.

The dexterity of the Cossacks in this sort of work was repeatedly illustrated during the Russian army manuevers. On one occasion they abstracted the artillery harness, completely disabling all the batteries of their rival combatants. A more notable occasion was four years ago, when General Kuropatkin commanded the Southern army, marching from Moscow against the Northern army, commanded by Grand Duke Sergius. Kuropatkin's Cossack leader, Dienrichs surrounded the hut in which Sergius' chief-of-staff, Soboleff, now commanding the Sixth Siberian Corps, and his subordinates were asleep and quietly went off with their dispatches and maps. When Soboleff awoke he found his whole staff bound and gagged and every document missing.

NEW CORPS FOR KUROPATKIN.

About 20,000 Men Arrive to Make Up For His Losses.

Berlin (By Cable).—A dispatch to the Lokal-Anzeiger from Mukden says the Eighth Russian Army Corps—about 20,000 men—has arrived there and taht General Kuropatkin will make new plans immediately.

Colonel Gaedke, war correspondent of the Tageblatt, telegraphs from Mukden as follows:

"Have been unable to telegraph for two days owing to the absence of the censor on the 19th and 20th. Both armies are much fatigued. They occupy positions in close contact. Only an occasional shot breaks the stillness. A general Russian attack appeared to have been planned for the night of October 20, but a freshet in the Shakhe River prevented it.

"The roads and fields are drying slowly. It rained again the night of the 20th.

"The Chinese report barbarous cruelties on the part of the Japanese. The mere possession of Russian money is dangerous at Niuchwang."

THREATENING TROUBLE IN PANAMA.

U. S. Marines in Canal Zone Watching An Armed Force.

Colon (By Cable).—News reached here that about 200 armed men, who are thought to be malcontent Panamans rather than Colombian soldiers have been seen in the neighborhood of Culebra threatening hostilities against the Panama government.

As soon as the American authorities of the canal zone became cognizant of the appearance of this force marines were sent out to ascertain their purpose. It was rumored that a skirmish occurred inland, in which several were killed, but there is no confirmation of this report.

Washington (Special).—Assistant Secretary Darling said that so far as he was aware no advices had been received at the Navy Department of the reported skirmish between United States marines and Panamans on the isthmus. If any dispatches have been received, the Assistant Secretary explained, they in all probability would be sent direct to the department, and would not be delivered to the officials until morning. At this time the Navy has about 450 marines on the isthmus, a sufficient force, in the opinion of the administration, to cope with any difficulty which is likely to develop.

Protected From Lynching.

Shreveport, La. (Special).—"Dick" Craighead, the half-brother of Isaac A. McGee, who is charged with the murder of Mrs. McGee and her 10-year-old son, near Athens, yesterday, was saved from a mob, which threatened the parish jail at Homer, in which he was confined. The Claiborne Guards were called out and Sheriff Kirkpatrick later summoned all the able-bodied men of Homer to assist him in protecting the jail. The mob was about 150 strong, but seeing that the Sheriff was determined to protect Craighead it finally dispersed.

Oil Explosion Kills Three.

Lincoln, Nebr., (Special).—Three persons are dead as a result of a fire in F. W. Barnhardt's home at Hartington, Nebr. The dead are Bertha Felber, a servant girl, and two young children of Barnhard. The servant threw coal oil into the kitchen stove and caused an explosion. The children were playing near the stove and the flames enveloped them.

The New Jersey's Sponsor.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—Governor Murphy, of New Jersey, has notified the Secretary of the Navy that he has designated his daughter, Mrs. William B. Kinney, as the sponsor of the battleship New Jersey, which is to be launched at the shipyard of the Fore River Ship and Engine Company, at Quincy, Mass., on the 10th proximo.

FINANCIAL.

Japan has purchased 7000 kegs of wire nails and 15,000 tons of steel rails in the United States.

Wheat advanced two cents on the generally unfavorable reports on crop conditions in Europe.

"Reading common will surely go to $40 within a month," declared a leading Lehigh Valley interest.

Manhattan is now selling at its highest price since immediately after Jay Gould's death in 1893.

688,775 Voters Register.

New York (Special).—This year's total registration in Greater New York was 688,775, which exceeds by nearly 50,000 the record of 640,522 in 1900. Each of the boroughs showed a substantial increase over the registration of four years ago. In Manhattan and the Bronx the figures were 391,021, as against 366,991 in 1900. Brooklyn gave 246,916, as against 230,262 in 1900; Queens, 35,631, as compared with 29,334, and Richmond 15,207, against 13,915.

AWFUL TRAGEDY IN DEPOT

Woman Dies After Encounter With Rich Man's Son.

SHE WAS TRACED BY A LETTER.

Missive Made Appointment With Young Man's Father Whose Daughter Witnessed the Affair—Died in Great Agony—A Sensational Developement—Young Higgins Is 24 Years Old and His Sister 20.

Peoria, Ill. (Special).—Mrs. Nellie Thomason, wife of a former prominent real-estate dealer in this city, is dead at her home in Lacon as a result of injuries received in a sensational encounter with Richard and Jennie Higgins, son and daughter of John G. Higgins, a prominent member of the Board of Supervisors of Peoria county. Young Higgins is 24 years old, and his sister is 20. They intercepted a letter written to Higgins, senior, by Mrs. Thomason, in which she asked the elder Higgins to meet her in the depot of the Rock Island railroad in this city. Higgins was at St. Louis, and his son opened the letter. When Mrs. Thomason arrived she was confronted by young Higgins and his sister. What took place is a mystery, as only the three and an uncle of Higgins—Douglass McDonald, of Monica, Ill.—were present. Some time later, however, the woman asked C. A. Brant, the ticket agent, to assist her to the train.

He did so, and when she was gone he found blood on the floor of the waiting room. The woman lingered in great agony at her home in Lacon until she died.

Died in Great Agony.

Higgins is under arrest on a State warrant charging him with murder. The case has created a sensation.

Mrs. Thomason has been in a comatose condition since, rallying enough at intervals to speak a word or two. Her lip was severed, both eyes were blackened, one shoulder was displaced and her back was covered with bruises. She was also suffering with internal injuries. The attending physician was unable to rouse the patient sufficiently to get a dying statement from her.

Higgins wept when placed in jail.

Opened a Fatal Letter.

"We had been trying for years to break up the relations between my father and this woman," he said. "When we got that letter my sister and I went down there to see if we could not make some arrangements with her. We met her in the waiting room. I went up to her and touched her on the shoulder.

"Mrs. Thomason, I believe," I said. She turned around quickly and said 'Oh, its you, is it?' and drew out her hatpin. I then pushed her sharply against the side of the face and knocked her over a chair. My sister then pulled me away and told me that I would be arrested; that we could not do anything with her. That's all there was to it."

In an additional statement young Higgins says that his uncle, Douglass McDonald, arrived at the Rock Island Station at the same time he did and stood by when the alleged assault took place. Higgins says his uncle took him by the arm, saying, "Come away, you will be arrested; you can't do anything with her."

A Sensational Development.

That Detective William E. Murphy who was murdered under sensational circumstances in this city last June, was connected with the Higgins-Thomason case was a startling development of the afternoon. It seems that on the night Murphy was killed he was shadowing John H. Higgins at the instance of the members of the Higgins family. Young Higgins says that either on that night or on the following night Mrs. Thomason called up the Higgins residence by telephone and is alleged to have said:

"Murphy was a good friend of yours. Well, he got his punishment tonight. Kierans (fellow-detective of Murphy) is your friend, too. He will get his next."

Mrs. Higgins is wealthy. She married J. H. Higgins, 30 years ago and had deeded much of her property to her husband.

Collision Caused Fatal Shock.

San Francisco, (Special).—R. J. Laws, superintendent of the Sacramento Division of the Southern Pacific Railroad, dropped dead of heart disease when a westbound express on which he was a passenger collided with the rear end of a stock train at Yuba Pass. No one was injured, but the accident caused a fire that destroyed the caboose and four cars of the stock train, damaged the passenger locomotive and burned the express and the baggage cars and 2,200 feet of snowsheds.

Robber Attempts Suicide.

Newark, N. J. (Special).—A daring attempt was made to rob the J. S. Mundy Machine Works. The thief succeeded in carrying off several packages of money, amounting to $1,271, but was pursued and caught. Just as his pursuers reached him he placed a revolver at his head and fired twice, inflicting mortal wounds. Previously he had fired at, but missed, his pursuers. Before he lost consciousness he said his name was James Wilson, and that he had no home. The packages containing the money were found in the breast of his coat.

Passed 50,000,000 Mark.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The total number of money orders isued by this government during the last fiscal year passed the 50,000,000 mark for the first time in history, as shown by the annual report of the superintendent of the money order system. The net revenue of the money order business was $2,528,403, an increase of $288,491, as compared with the previous fiscal year. The gross revenue was $3,626,676, an increase of $376,282.

SANTO DOMINGO CUSTOMS SEIZED.

An American Citizen's Move for the Collection of $4,500,000 Damages.

St. Thomas, D. W. I. (By Cable).—A steamer from Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, which has arrived here reports that the United States has seized the custom-house at Puerto Plata.

Washington (Special).—The reported seizure by the United States of the custom-house at Puerto Plata presumably arises from the already accomplished or contemplated occupation of that port by an American designated by the commission which awarded to the Santo Domingo Improvement Company $4,500,000 damages against Santo Domingo. That award was automatically self-executing, and provided that if Santo Domingo failed to pay the award the agent named by the commission was to take charge of four of the customs ports of the island and apply 60 per cent. of the revenues to the payment of the claims. The affair is not one in which the United States government is interested, except in the contingency that the government of Santo Domingo fails entirely to meet its obligations to the improvement company, and then only to the extent of seeing that its interests shall not suffer through such neglect. The officials say no forcible intervention by the government of the United States is contemplated at this time.

TORTURED SELF TO SAVE BROTHER.

Jersey Dromio Tried to Foil Bertillon System By Use of Acids.

Rathway, N. J., (Special).—Around two Dromios of Elizabeth, James and Mitchael Teeling, twin brothers, is woven a story of jailbreaking, and how one, by scarring himself with acid and tatto marks, sought to confess the authorities and discredit the infallibility of the Bertillon system of measurements. In the case of Michael cunning failed. He was arrested, only to escape, and his brother also is at large.

The story runs thus: A year or so ago James Teeling was sent to the New Jersey Reformatory, in this place, for wife beating. He was paroled, but early in the summer broke his parole and disappeared. While in the Reformatory he was measured according to the Bertillon standard and photographed.

Last week word was received from Elizabeth that Teeling had been arrested. Edward A. Schwartz, who has charge of the Bertillon system at the reformatory, was sent after him. The prisoner protested against his retention, and denied that he was ever in the reformatory. To the ordinary observer, his description tallied in every detail with that of the man wanted.

Stature, face, scar and tattoo marks were identified, and Mr. Schwartz was about convinced, when he discovered a marked difference in the measurements of the right ear. "This is not our man," he declared. The Elizabeth authorities laughed at him.

Lacking the facilities there for measuring, the prisoner was taken to the reformatory, though Mr. Schwartz was firm in his belief that the man was not the wifebeater.

The third degrees was worked, and then the prisoner broke down and confessed that he was Michael Teeling, a twin brother of the man wanted and that he had made the scars on his body for mutual protection. Further questioning brought out the fact that he was wanted in New Brunswick. He refused to tell where his brother could be found.

He was sent to New Brunswick and put in jail. On Friday night he and five others escaped, and are still at large. In the meantime the reformatory authorities are loking in vain for their "star boarder." It is reported that he has left the county.

DEATH FOR DEGENERATES.

Dr. Hatch Also Justifies Suicide By Incurable Patients.

Quincy, Ill., (Special).—Before the National Prison Congress, which is holding its annual convention in this city, Dr. Henry G. Hatch, of Quincy, advocated the infliction of death upon degenerates as a means of preventing the spread of degeneracy.

Dr. Hatch advocated homicide or the right to let a diseased person take his own life when he is found to be incurable. He said he also would have the state dispose of the permanently insane and incurable by putting such persons to an easy death.

Dr. J. B. Ransom, of New York, declared reforms were started to save human life, not to destroy it. If the system advocated by Dr. Hatch was carried out the question would be to decide who would be the first victim. "I do not believ.," he said, "we had better take into our hands the functions of th Almighty.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

In two days the President will issue a call to the powers for another peace conference at The Hague. The date will be agreed upon by those taking part and is expected to be the subject of much correspondence.

Senor Walker-Martinez, the Chilian minister, has returned to Washington after spending the summer in Mexico.

Francis G. Landon, of Stattsburg, N. Y., has been appointed third secretary of the American Embassy at Berlin.

General Mills, Superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point, submitted his annual report.

President Roosevelt appointed Ira Harris as supervising inspector of the steamboat inspection service at New York.

The monument in honor of the late Gen. Frank Wheaton was unveiled at the National Cemetery, at Arlington.

Gen. George D. Ruggles, retired, for several years the manager of the Soldiers' Home, is dead.

The volunteer poison squad will resume work November 1.

LIFE'S TRAGEDIES.

Thou art not to be pitied, who hast known
The threat of midnight when the forelands moan
And all the winds are out;
Dread and despair and anguish—the great things
That sit like crowns upon the brows of Kings
Or that Queen weep about
—If by these only thou hast been accursed,
Grieve not too much; for these are not the worst.

It is the slow and softly dropping tears
That bring the furrows to man's face; the years,
Falling and fall'n in vain,
That turn the gold to gray upon his head;
And the dull days to disappointment wed,
And pain that follows pain
That make life bitter in the mouth, and strew
The dead with roses, but the quick with yew.

Better a wide and windy world, and scope
For rise and downfall of a mighty hope,
Than many little ills;
Better the sudden horror, the swift wrong,
Than doubts and cares that die not, and the long
Monotony that kills;
The empty dawns, pale stars, and narrow skies,
Mean hopes, mean fears, mean sorrows, and mean sighs.

—Gerald Gould in the Spectator.

A MILLINER'S DAY.

BY EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER.

Miss Marie Selby rustled into the smart Fifth avenue shop, where it was her daily custom to assist a fashionable milliner to dispose of her goods to deluded women at fabulous prices.

Miss Marie had not the ensemble of a working woman. Her black taffeta silk frock was smartly made, her beautiful auburn hair creped and pompadoured in the latest mode. She possessed an air at once condescending and affable and was considered one of the most successful "jolliers" in the place.

She could wheedle more plain women into buying hats that were fashioned for beauties than any other saleswoman in the shop. She had an unexcelled knack of settling a bonnet on the head of a fright and then stepping back and falling into a paroxysm of rapture at the spectacle.

She cajoled dollars from pocketbooks and, in consequence, was a pet of the haughty dame whose name on the lining of a hat was the hall mark of elegance and style.

"Miss Marie," said the pompous individual, coming forward ablaze with diamonds and rustling quite as loudly as her assistant, "I would like you to redress the window."

Miss Marie laid aside her own stylish hat and hastened to display novel and amazing confections upon the simpering pink and white waxen models in the show window. This was work she doubly enjoyed. It gave her an admirable opportunity to observe what was going on in the street; moreover, it gave the male passersby a rare chance to gaze at an attractive girl.

Therefore it must be confessed that Miss Marie dawdled a bit over her work, from which she was finally summoned to wait upon a customer.

This was a woman with a face as long as that of a horse and hair appropriately the exact shade of hay. Miss Marie "sized her up" at a glance, and, after seating her with a great flourish before a pier glass, brought forward a frisky turban of velvet and lace and fur. She pitched it rakishly over one eye of the victim and then fell back with an exclamation of enchantment.

"Ah, Madam! If you could but see the effect from the back! It's so swell! Just the thing for your style!"

The horse's head bridled with pleasure. "But how about the front view?" she asked, a trifle anxiously, for the mirror gave no such assurances as did Miss Marie.

"Let me tell you, Madam," returned this clever young woman, "that you might look New York over, and nowhere could you get such a result."

Which was quite true.

"It certainly is a sweet thing," said the shopper, craning her neck to look at her profile. "What is the price?"

"Let me see," said Miss Marie, removing the hat and examining it critically. "That hat, madam, was originally $45. It's imported and absolutely a novelty. But as it's so becoming to you, I will make it $27.50."

"Isn't that rather expensive?"

"Oh, dear me, madam, consider the materials; consider the style," placing it on her own shapely head; "consider how it becomes you."

"Well, I'll take it," said the wretch, and Miss Marie winked at Miss Ethel and Miss Gladys, who stood near watching the transaction.

"Did you ever see anything so awful?" asked Miss Marie, after the shopper had been bowed out. "Did you see her try to look coquettish? I declare the result was so frightful that I closed my eyes and breathed a prayer."

Their witticisms were instantly hushed as a man and a woman entered the shop. They were plainly from the rural district, and as plainly bride and groom. The bride was faded, but kittenish; the husband proud and sheepish. Miss Marie deftly placed upon the head of the bride a structure calculated to make her dead and gone ancestors turn uneasily in their tombs.

"Now, how do you like that, pet?" asked the bride, tenderly.

"Pet" fondled his whiskers and looked foolish. "I'm blowed if I can see anything handsome in that," he remarked.

"That settles it," said his spouse, quickly removing it. "I shan't buy no bonnet you don't like."

"Allow me," said Miss Marie, sweetly. She lifted the hideous and flamboyant cartwheel and set it upon her own head. She was such a jauntily impudent vision in it that the bridegroom stared greedily.

"I fear," paused the little sinner, "that you do not appreciate the beauties of this confection. This is really one of the most desirable shapes we have this season," and she circled slowly before the entranced countryman.

"I gues it's all right, after all," he stated. "What's the figger?"

Miss Marie reflected a moment. "Twenty dollars, to you, sir."

"Suffering old man!" ejaculated the customer. "Twenty dollars for a hat? Why, I can buy a horse rake for that."

"Yes?" said Miss Marie, smiling into his eyes. "Yes, but your wife could not wear a horse rake on her head, could she?"—still smiling—a long, slow, alluring smile.

The poor man was hypnotized. He pulled out his worn wallet, drew from it the money and handed it over without further parley. Then Miss Marie transferred the terrible hat to the head of his wife, and the pair departed, he casting alarmed and doubtful glances at his consort. It looked so different on her head.

"Miss Marie, you are just awful," said Miss Ethel. "How could you sell that poor old jay that hat? She is enough to scare the very dogs in the street."

"She would scare them in anything," philosophically replied that young woman, "and why not in one of our hats?"

This reasonable explanation being duly accepted, Miss Marie turned her attention to two ladies, who came in at this moment. She soon discovered that these customers were not amenable to cajolery. Hat after hat and bonnet after bonnet were tried on; nothing pleased their exalted tastes. Miss Marie was on her mettle. She was seldom outflanked. She flattered and wheedled and coaxed. When on the verge of defeat, this Machiavellian young milliner determined upon an audacious move. One of the shoppers having said, with a languid and supercilious air, "And have you really nothing more to show us?" Miss Marie disappeared and returned presently with a large white felt hat, loaded with feathers and ribbon.

"I really ought not to show this to you," she said, in a mysterious tone; "it's an order from Mrs. Van Rensselaer Stuyvesant. We've just finished it. We might duplicate it for you for $50."

"Oh, Amy," cried the other customer, "isn't it exquisite? Whatever you do, get that for the victoria."

So Amy bought it for the victoria, and the two departed, casting condescending glances at the other despised and rejected hats.

Then Miss Marie went behind a screen and executed a dance of glee. "I've sold her a last season's child's hat. Ha, ha! Wear it in the victoria, indeed! Did you remark the victoria? A ricketty old phaeton, drawn by a sorrel horse! Well, I'm even with that frump."

Late in the afternoon a young woman came in to look at hats. With her was her husband, a mild, amiable appearing man. Miss Marie greeted them as easy prey. She placed a hat decorated with cocks' feathers upon the wife's head. The very good looking young lady admired herself.

"Where's the comb and the feet?" suddenly demanded the inoffensive appearing husband.

"Oh! Edward, you don't like it," said his wife, reproachfully.

"My dear, it's beautiful," he returned, "but if you are going to have a fowl on your hat, have the whole barnyard!"

Miss Marie glared at him in dismay.

"Perhaps you would like this better," she said, with just a tinge of sarcasm, as she placed a highly ornate structure of claret velvet and turquoise mull and buckles upon the lady's head.

Edward stood off and looked at it with critical eyes.

"That's a bright, cheerful sort of hat," he remarked, airily; "reminds me of a circus coming to town."

Miss Marie removed it with heightened color. Then she brought a stunning poke of gray felt, with exquisite lace ties and drooping marabout plumes.

"Looks just like the bonnet my greataunt Hannah used to wear to church," announced the amiable critic, with a beaming countenance, "only Aunt Hannah's had a curtain hanging down the back, like a valance round a four posted bedstead. Maybe you could put a curtain on. That would be so nice."

Miss Marie was getting in a rage. What manner of beast was this to come in and spoil her trade by making fun of the charming confections she was setting forth? But she tried again—this time a large black hat with clusters of waving black feathers.

"Now, isn't that an elegant hat?" she asked, with her most engaging smile. What was her bewilderment when this wretched man suddenly took out his handkerchief and pretended to weep in it.

"Edward," exclaimed his wife, "whatever is the matter with you?"

"Why, my dear," he said, with a lugubrious snuffle, "it looks so like a hearse that I am trying to live up to it."

Poor Miss Marie! She had met her match. She snatched off the hat, and said, disdainfully: "Perhaps, sir, you will give me an idea of what you would like?"

"My dear girl," said that gentleman, "if you have any plain little hats—just ordinary sort of hats, you know—hats you can't hear more than a mile away—hats that are not decorated with fowls of the air and beasts of the field—we will look at them."

"They are not wearing such hats this season," said Miss Marie, haughtily, "the hats are all very much trimmed."

"Then I'm afraid we shall have to look elsewhere," said this degenerate.

They departed, leaving Miss Marie in a white heat. And to add insult to injury this unfeeling monster looked back and laughed as he passed out the door. Miss Marie felt assured that this man saw through all her pretty little shams and poses and recognized the charming little humbug that she was.

That evening Miss Marie dined with her best young man. She was not the chatterbox she usually was, but, on the contrary, rather silent and distrait.

The best young man rallied her on her depression. "One would think you had lost a friend or a fortune," he said.

"I lost a sale today," she said, gloomily, "through the machinations of a wicked man."

"Great Scott!" said the best young man.

Thereupon Miss Marie repeated her tale of woe.

To her amazement and chagrin the best young man suddenly burst out laughing.

"By George! But that was a scheme," he said. "I'm surprised you didn't see through it. He didn't want to pay the price and so poked fun at every hat you displayed. Of course his wife wouldn't buy one he ridiculed. Jove! I'll remember that and work it when I get married. It's great!"—New York Herald.

JAPANESE IN HAWAII.

Large Proportion of Population of Honolulu.

It may be surprising to the average American to know that one territory of the United States contains so many Japanese citizens that they are as influential as people of any other nationality. It is a fact, however, that in Honolulu they comprise a large portion of the population, and the visitor finds that many of the largest stores are owned by them, while they are interested in a number of the principal banks. Back in the country they have large plantations, where thousands of their own race are employed. The membership of the principal churches of Honolulu includes some of the wealthiest and most prominent Japanese, not only merchants and bankers, but physicians and lawyers. The last census showed the number of Japanese in Hawaii to be 61 111.

At first it seems strange for the visitor from the States to meet so many of the Japanese in Honolulu and other parts of the Sandwich Islands, but he soon realizes that they are among the pleasantest and most refined of the islanders.

While the public school system of Honolulu is modelled on that in the principal cities of the United States, it includes an institution which is somewhat unusual, since it was established and is maintained entirely by the Japanese population. In it the ordinary branches of the grammar school and academy are taught, the instruction being free to all Japanese children. Here American history receives special attention. Not only do the Stars and Stripes wave from the flagstaff above the building, but the rooms are decorated with American flags, with here and there the emblem of the Japanese empire in friendly proximity.

A feature of the school is a cadet corps, which is commanded by a former officer in the Mikado's army. A committee of prominent men and women of the Japanese colony select the instructors and act as an advisory board. New York Tribune.

Stage Ice Cream.

Joseph Jefferson tells the story of an amusing "break" in a production of "Camille" at the old Walnut Street Theatre in Philadelphia.

In those days sea island cotton was stage ice cream.

Armand and Camille were at table, where they had been discussing such viands as these, and their dialogue was making the finest sort of an impression on the crowded house. Enter a maid servant with candelabra of the wabbliest sort imaginable. The scene was so engrossing that the maid was hardly noticed by the audience, but when she had set down the candelabra between the unfortunate Camille and her lover and one candle toppled over and set the ice cream in a blaze the nervous strain upon the house was broken, and the entire audience burst into a roar of laughter that brought down the curtain.—Harper's Weekly.

SPICED TOMATOES.

Twenty pounds of ripe tomatoes, scalded and peeled; two quarts of vinegar, eight pounds of sugar, four tablespoonfuls each of cinnamon, cloves and allspice. Boil till thick, stirring often.

PICKLED SLICED TOMATOES.

Peel the tomatoes; cut them in rather thick and even slices; sprinkle them with pepper and salt, put them in jars and cover with best vinegar and seal.

PLAIN VANILLA ICE CREAM.

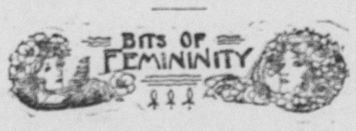
Make a custard of a quart of milk, six beaten eggs and two cups of granulated sugar, or enough to sweeten to taste. Boil until it coats the spoon, take from the fire, and add vanilla flavoring. Set aside to cool, and when cold add a quart of rich cream, beat it in well and freeze.

CREAM OF CARROT SOUP.

Wast and scrub three medium sized carrots; slice them and put in a stew pan, with one cup of water, a slice of onion and a bit of bay leaf; cover the pan and cook until very tender; rub through a strainer, reserving the water in which the carrots were boiled; then put the carrots and water over the fire; if thick add a cupful of boiling water; heat one and a half tablespoonfuls of butter; add one and one-half tablespoonfuls of flour; stir until smooth; stir this with the carrot mixture and stir until thickened and boiling; add one level tablespoonful of salt, a little pepper, one cupful of hot milk and a half a cupful of cream.

PULLED FOWL.

Select a young, fat fowl, and cook in the ordinary way till done. When quite tender take out of the pot, cover and set away till wanted. Then with a fork pull off in flakes all the flesh, first removing the skin. With a chopper break all the bones and put them into a stewpan, adding two calves' feet split, and the hock of a cold ham, a small bunch of parsley and sweet majoram and a quart of water. Let this boil gently till reduced to a pint, then take it out. Have ready in another stewpan the pulled fowl. Strain the liquor from the bones over the fowl and add a piece of butter the size of an egg, rolled in flour, and a teaspoonful of powdered mace and nutmeg mixed. Let the whole stew in the gravy for ten minutes and serve hot. The young turkey may be cooked in the same manner. For a turkey allow four calves' feet.—What to Eat.



A clever woman traveler mended a rent in her gown by using a hair from her head as thread for the needle she always carries in her purse.

If a paper bag is slipped over the hand before the cloth or brush is taken to clean the stove, the fingertips and nails will be saved contact with the grime.

Pongee silk to be successfully laundered must be hung on the line without wringing the water out and allowed to thoroughly dry. Press with a moderately warm iron without sprinkling.

A poultice of finely scraped garden beets is well recommended for cuts with glass or wounds from rusty iron. It should be frequently renewed in order to keep the wound moist for several hours.

A correspondent suggests a use for old denim—either overalls or that which has seen service on the stairs—by braiding into rugs for use in the kitchen. The denim should be washed before cut.

Once in ten days thoroughly wash the carpet broom in hot soapsuds, shake till nearly dry and hang where the straw will dry quickly. Not only will the broom last longer, but it will clean carpets better.

Table oilcloths or the linoleum on the kitchen floor can be kept fresh and cleaner with oil than with soap and water.—Chicago Daily News.

Some of the modern Italian wares are very effective. A tall jardiniere in cream white, wreathed with huge brilliant flowers, modeled separately and attached to the jar, is very striking.

For piazza tea services the red and gold Kaza-ware sold in all Japanese shops is a good investment.

Dresden china in delicate colorings and elaborate designs may now be had at astonishingly low prices, because this ware is out of fashion.

Fine glass, of new and good shapes and elaborately etched, is delightfully low-priced just now.

Blue and white willow and hawthorn pattern toilet sets are admirable for the summer house. A floral pattern in gray, pink or green, on white, in Royal Doulton, is also very good.

A Bavarian china that suggests Carlsbad has a decoration of exquisitely painted pink and yellow roses.

A huge coffee pot, of warm brown stoneware, though marked French, is surely German in origin.

Large plaques of Italian ware, with classical scenes set in renaissance or heraldic borders, are capital for dark corners or to place over a low doorway.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 29, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m. New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.24 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.58 a. m. Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m. Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD.					WESTWARD
12	8	2	STATIONS.	1	7	11
P.M.	P. M	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 30	4 23
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 37	10 37	4 16
6 16	12 58	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 10
6 10	12 54	8 35	.....Whitmer.....	6 44	10 47	4 06
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 00
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	3 57
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brally.....	7 00	11 02	3 51
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	3 47
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	3 44
5 46	12 26	8 07	....Krumrine....	7 17	11 20	3 33
5 38	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	3 30
5 33	12 22	8 02	..... Inn.....	7 26	11 28	3 25
5 30	12 20	8 00	...State College.	7 32	11 30	3 20

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penn's R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

F. H. THOMAS, Superintendent

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			June 15, 1904.	Read Up.		
No. 1	No3	No5		No6	No4	No7
A.M.	P.M.	P.M	Lv. Ar.	P.M	P.M	A.M
7 00	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE	9 35	5 10	9 35
7 11	2 41	6 51	Nigh	9 22	4 57	9 22
7 16	2 46	6 56	Zion	9 16	4 51	9 16
7 23	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park	9 10	4 45	9 10
7 25	2 55	7 05	Dunkles	9 08	4 42	9 07
7 29	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG	9 04	4 38	9 03
7 33	3 03	7 14	Snydertown	9 01	4 34	8 59
7 35	3 05	7 16	Nittany	8 59	4 31	8 56
7 37	3 07	7 19	Huston	8 57	4 28	8 53
7 41	3 11	7 23	LAMAR	8 54	4 25	8 50
7 43	3 13	7 25	Clintondale	8 51	4 22	8 47
7 47	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring	8 47	4 18	8 43
7 51	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville	8 43	4 13	8 38
7 57	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs	8 37	4 07	8 32
8 00	3 30	7 42	Salona	8 35	4 05	8 30
8 05	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL	8 30	4 00	8 25
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)						
11 45		8 38	.....Jersey Shore.....	3 16		7 40
12 20		9 10	Arr. W'msport Lve	2 40		7 10
12 29		11 30	Lve. W'msport Arr.	2 25		6 50
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)						
7 30		6 50	..... PHILA	8 36		11 30
10 40		9 02	.....NEW YORK.....	4 25		7 30
(Via Philad.)						
P. M.		A. M.		A. M.		P. M
10 40			.....Ar New York..... Lv	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)						

J. W. GEPHART,
General superintendent.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.	
P.M.		A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M
1 58		5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 32
1 48		6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 22
1 55		6 38	Fiehl	8 58	4 19
2 00		6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08		6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20		7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28		7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59		7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 16
3 10		7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16		7 57	Zerby	7 42	3 02
3 26		8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32		8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38		8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45		8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52		8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56		8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00		8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04		8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13		8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16		8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20		9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.22 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

Cats Brought Bankruptcy.

Miss Annie Jane Terrill, who was remanded at Truro on Wednesday on a charge of arson, has been ruined by her love of cats.

She was continually involved in litigation with cat fanciers and keepers of cats' homes, in consequence of which she recently passed through the bankruptcy court at Truro.

Some of the 500 cats with which she lived the life of a recluse at Perranporth were extremely valuable animals.

Miss Terrill was a frequent exhibitor at various cat shows and won many prizes.—London Express.

An Enterprising Sleuth.

A man who was "wanted" by the police had been photographed in six different positions, and the pictures were duly circulated among the police. The chief of police in a country town wrote to police headquarters of the city in search of the malefactor a few days after the set of portraits had been issued as follows:

"I duly received the pictures of the six miscreants whose capture is desired. I have arrested five of them, and the sixth is under observation and will be secured shortly."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
PHILIP DRUMM, Prop.

First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Centre Hall Hotel

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery, Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat Well located for hunting and fishing.

Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains

Old Fort Hotel

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.

Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.

Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Penn's Valley Banking Company

CENTRE HALL, PA.

W. B. MINGLE, Cashier

Receives Deposits . .

Discounts Notes . . .

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F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.

Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.

RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.

Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

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BARGAINS!

The readers of this paper are constantly upon the alert to ascertain where goods can be purchased at the lowest prices, and if a merchant does not advertise and keep the buyer conversant with his line of goods, how can he expect to sell them?

THINK OVER THIS!

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1904.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1.00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900: when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

For President:
ALTON B. PARKER, New York.
For Vice-President:
HENRY G. DAVIS, West Virginia.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Justice of Supreme Court:
SAMUEL GUSTINE THOMPSON, Philada.
For Congress:
CHAS. W. SHAFFER, of Cameron County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For President Judge:
ELLIS L. ORVIS, Esq., of Bellefonte.
For Assembly:
J. W. KEPLER, of Ferguson.
JOHN NOLL, of Bellefonte.
For Prothonotary:
ARTHUR B. KIMPORT, of Harris.
For District Attorney:
W. G. RUNKLE, of Bellefonte.
For County Surveyor:
J. H. WETZEL, of Bellefonte.

Spring Mills.

Superintendent C. L. Gramley is visiting the schools of Gregg township this week; Mrs. Gramley is visiting at the home of T. M. Gramley in the meantime.

Robert Catherman spent Sunday at his home at Hartleton.

Mrs. Henry Kreamer and Miss Helen Bartholomew, of Centre Hall, were among those who attended the funeral of Charles Miller on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Walker, of Rebersburg, spent Saturday visiting in town.

Maurice Runkle, of Bellefonte, is spending a few days with his aunt, Mrs. Mary Stover.

Aaronsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. William Guisewite and daughter May spent Sunday with friends at Woodward.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mingle, Mrs. Phoebe Yearick, and Mrs. J. D. Murray, all of Centre Hall, spent a few hours at the residence of E. G. Mingle.

Mrs. Spangler, of Mifflinburg; Mrs. Herman, of New Berlin; J. R. Wyle, of Huntingdon, and C. W. Wyle, of Mifflinburg, were guests at the home of Jacob Wyle, the past week.

Miss Elizabeth Edmunds returned home after a few month's stay at the St. Louis Exposition.

Miss Bessie Bower and her friend, Mr. King, are spending a few weeks with the former's father and sister.

Frank Guisewite and family, of Feidler, spent Sunday at the residence of George Weaver.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Haffley spent a few days with their daughter at Wolf's Store.

Mrs. Augusta Edmunds and daughter Lizzie, spent the Sabbath at Coburn, with the family of C. A. Weaver.

Mrs. Reuben Hartman, a much respected old lady of Millheim, spent a day last week with acquaintances in town.

Rebersburg.

Miss Pearl Mallory, who was visiting in this place for a few weeks, returned to her home in New Berlin.

George Weaver, Jared Kreamer, Mrs. John Wolf and Mrs. Harvey Miller attended the funeral of Mrs. Rebecca Musser at Millheim.

Samuel Shaffer and wife left last Friday for Philadelphia where they will visit their children.

Scott Bird, of Bellwood, is at present visiting at this place.

Robert Wolf and wife, of Aaronsburg, were in town on Friday.

Mrs. Cherry Stover and son Clayton, of Farmers Mills, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Chestie Stover.

Mrs. James Corman, who had a mild attack of typhoid fever, is convalescing.

Mrs. Wilbur Diehl, who spent the summer in Connecticut, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Lillie Baker, returned to her home here last Wednesday.

Charles Gramley is unable to walk because of a very sore foot.

Edwin Frank and family, who lived in Aurora, Ill., returned to this place and moved into O. F. Stover's house.

While your correspondent was sojourning in Farmers Mills several days last week he had the pleasure of listening to the excellent music produced by the Farmers Mills orchestra. Although yet in its infancy, this organization is made up of the best musical talent in the community and will soon be ready to furnish the needed music at the coming winter entertainments.

Levi Wantz, who resided in South Rebersburg, moved to Aaronsburg last Thursday.

Daniel Bower, of Rote, spent last Sunday and Monday at the home of Scott Stover in South Rebersburg.

LOCALS.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

In the human race the butcher holds the steaks.

Do you know C. A. Roshon? Yes, C. A. Roshon gives you fits.

J. H. & S. E. Weber advertise for clover seed. They are buying at both Centre Hall and Oak Hall.

Surprise Party at Spring Mills.

Quite a large company—as a surprise party, consisting of all K. G. E's, with one exception, were collected at the residence of R. U. Bitner on Monday evening last, it being the anniversary of his birth day, and it proved a very enjoyable occasion.

Quite an elaborate supper was served, consisting of choice dainties, etc, to which all did ample justice. Music and merriment ruled the evening. At a seasonable hour all returned to their respective homes, wishing Mr. Bitner many returns of the day.

Those present were, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Wagner, R. E. Catherman, W. O. Graden, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Kennelley, W. P. Alexander, S. W. Gramley, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James Osman, S. M. Brown and daughter Mabel, Ivy Bartges, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bartges, R. G. Kennelly, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Corman, Mrs. David Ruhl, Wm. Ruhl, Mrs. Catharine Bitner, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Meyer and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Bitner, John Smith, and Mr. Orwig—the latter gentleman not a member of the K. G. E.

Harris Township.

Report of the Boalsburg High School for the month of September, Theodore S. Rupp, teacher: Average attendance 89 per cent.; scholars present every day during the month, Marian Murray, Fay Weber, May Stover, Harry Keller and Margaret Weber. Scholars present every day but one, Rosella Gingerich and Claudia Wieland.

Boalsburg Grammar School, H. M. Hosterman, teacher: Number of pupils enrolled during month, males, 11, females, 12, total, 23; average attendance for month, males 9, females 11, total 20. The following pupils missed no time during the month, Helen Riley, Ruth Young and Guy Wieland. The irregular attendance during the first month was largely caused by Granger picnic.

The school is always open to visitors, especially parents and those interested in the betterin: of the schools. Much lack of interest on the part of the parents, is caused by not knowing or seeing what their children are doing. Come and see us and all will be the better for the visit.

Boalsburg Primary School, Catharine Gertrude Wieland, teacher: Whole number in attendance, males 20, females 17, total 37; percentage of attendance, males 93, females 92; number of visitors, 6. The following were in attendance every day during the month, Bessie Young, Maude Hunter, Tammie Lee, Elsie Rishel, Nellie Fogleman, Ethel Gingerich, Sophie Weber, Ida Segner, Helen Hunter, Helen Coxey, Hazel Lucas, Roland Young, Boyd Wieland, Lynn Weber, Edward Isenberg, Russel Ishler, Fred Ishler, Wayne Shutt, Ray Lucas, Fred Brouse, Harold Hunter.

Report of Shingletown School, H. W. Lonberger, teacher: School opened with 18 on the roll, and all attended every day during month except one, who was taken by older ones to attend picnic. The following did not miss a day: Edna Leech, Anna Leech, Bessie Sones, Stella Sones, Ruth Rupp, Mary Gerheart, Orie Rupp, and Miles Thomas; those missing one day are, Helen Martz, Stella Martz, Winnie Thomas, Anna Martz, Sarah Kerstetter, Clara Kerstetter, Eric Martz, Harry Kuhn, Lynn Kerstetter, and Ralph Thomas. Per cent. of attendance, males 98, females 98, total 98.

Millheim.

A fine monument has been erected in Fairview cemetery in memory of the late J. W. Stover, the work having been done by marble cutter, A. C. Musser.

An order having been granted by the court, the fall election will be held in the old school house, lately purchased by the borough.

G. E. Mensch is building an addition to his livery stable.

Blind John Clark and C. W. Kleckner went to Hickory Corner for treatment by Dr. Thompson.

'Squire F. P. Musser, Friday, made a business trip to Sunbury.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Auman was baptized in the German Reformed church Sunday afternoon, by Rev. Lauffer.

Mrs. A. Walter and Miss Bessie Sturgis, after a six weeks' tour to St. Louis and Iowa, returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Feidler and S. M. Campbell, Tuesday of last week, left for St. Louis. Mr. and Mrs. Feidler, having secured a sixty day ticket, will, after taking in the fair, visit friends and relatives in Missouri.

Mrs. Sallie Bellman, who had been employed at Milroy for some time, visited at her home in this place, Saturday.

Samuel Ulrich, of Gregg township, was seen on our streets, Monday.

Our townsman, Henry Miller, has for the last few weeks had considerable trouble with bleeding at the nose.

W. H. Miller is erecting a fine porch at the residence of Cal. King, in Spring Mills.

Thus far about fifty pheasants have been killed by local sportsmen.

John Smith, of the firm of Smith Bros., Spring Mills, was in town on Saturday.

Colyer.

Mrs. William Searson and sons Jesse and George, of Houserville, are spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bubb.

Miss Mary Moyer spent Sunday very pleasantly with Miss Carrie Frazier.

The sale of G. R. Meiss, last Saturday, was well attended, and things brought fair prices.

Miss Viola Bubb returned home Saturday, after a few weeks' stay at Houserville.

Sunday, October 30th, the Evangelical church will be reopened. All are cordially invited.

Rev. J. F. Shultz, pastor of the United Evangelical church, is conducting a series of meetings.

C. A. Roshon is coming to town.

Election Proclamation, Continued from Eighth Page.

Presidential Electors.
Robert Wilson Irvin
Stanley Woodward Davenport
Harry Nicholls
Joseph Reeves Wainwright
John M. Campbell
James M. Stewart
H. Maxwell Rowland
Moses Veale
Emil Holl
Benjamin Sterling Johnson
William Hayes Grier
William Craig
John McGahren
Charles F. King
Alvin Clouser
John Sullivan
John B. Coulston
Alphonsus Walsh
Samuel Z. Hawbecker
Robert E. Weigley
Lucian D. Woodruff
Nevin M. Wanner
Timothy E. Costello
William T. Mechling
Rockwell Marietta
Charles H. Akens
James P. Colter
M. Frank Coolbaugh
Alfred W. Smiley
S. E. Walker
Henry Meyer
Thomas B. Foley
George Heard
Charles B. Payne

Judge of the Supreme Court
Samuel Gustine Thompson
Representative in Congress
Charles W. Shaffer
Representative in the General Assembly
J. W. Kepler
John Noll
Judge of the Court of Common Pleas
Ellis L. Orvis
Prothonotary
A. B. Kimport
District Attorney
W. G. Runkle
County Surveyor
J. H. Wetzel

PROHIBITION NOMINEES.
For President and Vice President
SWALLOW AND CARROLL.
Presidential Electors.
Herbert T. Ames
Daniel G. Hendricks
A. Foster Mullin
Edward B. Cooper
Edward R. Steinmetz
Charles Reading Jones
Samuel Christian
Lewis Lincoln Eavenson
Charles Palmer
Howard Leopold
H. D. Patton
William W. Lathrope
William Benjamin Bertels
Harry Albert Reber
William M. Stauffer
Charles W. Hathaway
James Mansel
B. Budd Cannon
Jeremiah Sowers Yankey
John D. Graybill
Daniel Kloss
John Henry Hector
Elisha Kent Kane
Edwin R. Worrell
William Simpson Throckmorton
Capt. M. S. Marquis
George W. Fellows
Edward Everett Dixon
John B. Bair
Henry C. Cochran
Thomas P. Hershberger
J. P. Knox
J. J. Porter
Matthew H. Stevenson

Judge of the Supreme Court
A. A. Stevens
Representative in Congress
Samuel C. Watts
Representative in the General Assembly
T. W. Murray
C. H. Else
Prothonotary
Newton S. Bailey

SOCIALIST NOMINEES.
For President and Vice President
DEBS AND HANFORD.
Presidential Electors.
Edward J. Cook
Henry Peter
John S. Holmes
William D. Altman
Thomas J. Frederick
Andrew P. Bower
Elwood W. Leffler
Robert B. Ringler
John H. Nase
Alfred Chatelain
Edward A. Evans
Bernard V. Kennedy
William H. Keevan
Walter Nelson Lodge
Peter C. Heydrick
Davis A. Palmer
Conrad J. Bechsteine
Arthur J. Dennis
Frank R. Field
William A. Stroup
John D. Ortlip
Elmer H. Young
John A. Sturgis
Patrick Smith
Edward Kuppinger
Walter W. Rihl
Julius Weber
Paul B. Wreath
Christian Sauer
Frederick W. Skorsets
Herman Lemke
Adolphus A. McKean
Harvey W. Shay
Francis J. Rodgers

Judge of the Supreme Court
George W. Bacon
Representative in Congress
James D. Blair

SOCIALIST LABOR NOMINEES.
For President and Vice President
CORREGAN AND COX.
Presidential Electors.
Edmund Seidel
Charles Durner
James Erwin
Detler Rehder
Albert Gay
James Ryan
William Hutzel
James Ray
George Anton
Peter Flanigan
Louis Katz
Silas Hinkel
David Wismer
John Bach
Herman Spittal
L. Cunningham
J. F. Gingenbach
C. Schleicher
J. Devine
A. Black
Joseph Mullen
E. R. Markley
John A. Barron
John Kien
Jenkin James
Harry Jenkins
G. A. Brown
Aug. Clever
P. C. Tesson

Judge of the Supreme Court
Archibald A. Grant

INDEPENDENCE NOMINEES.
For President and Vice President
PARKER AND DAVIS.
Presidential Electors.
Robert Wilson Irwin
Stanley Woodward Davenport
Harry Nichols
Joseph Reeves Wainwright
John M. Campbell
James M. Stewart
H. Maxwell Rowland
Moses Veale
Emil Holl
Benjamin Sterling Johnson
William Hayes Grier
William Craig
John McGahren
Chas. F. King
Isaac Heister
John Sullivan
John B. Coulston
Alphonsus Walsh
Samuel Z. Hawbecker
Robert E. Weigley
Lucian D. Woodruff
Nevin M. Wanner
Timothy E. Costello
William T. Mechling
Rockwell Marrietta
Charles H. Akens
James P. Colter
M. Frank Coolbaugh
Alfred W. Smiley
S. E. Walker
Henry Meyer
Thomas B. Foley
George Heard
Charles B. Payne
Judge of the Supreme Court

Continued in Next Column.

DEATHS.

CHARLES MILLER.

Charles Miller departed this life on the 21st inst., in the eighty-second year of his age. Interment was made in the Spring Mills cemetery Monday, Rev. G. W. McIlnay, Rev. W. C. Bierly, Dr. D. M. Wolf, and Dr. W. H. Schuyler officiating.

Mr. Miller had been in ill health for over a year, and at times verging upon dissolution, but during the spring and summer he recovered in a manner, and seemed to take a new lease of life. About ten days ago he made a visit to his daughter residing at Sunbury, and previous to returning home concluded to visit his son Harry, at Renovo, but only two or three days after his arrival there expired rather suddenly, the immediate cause of his death being pneumonia.

Mr. Miller was one of the highly esteemed and substantial citizens of Spring Mills, well known throughout this entire section of the county, having been quite a large operator in wool for many years, and also engaged in the tailoring business.

His wife preceded him to the grave almost three years ago. He is survived by three sons and two daughters: A. E. Miller, of Allegheny; M. N., of Centre Hall; Harry B., of Renovo; Mrs. C. C. Cummings, Spring Mills, and Mrs. W. F. Steely, Sunbury.

The pawn shop is a loan sum place.

(Court Proclamation Continued.)

Samuel Gustine Thompson

Notice is hereby given, that every person excepting Justice of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of the State, or United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of Congress and of the State Legislature and of the select or common council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of the Commonwealth and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Under the law of this Commonwealth for holding elections, the polls shall be open at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

Given under my hand and seal at my office in Bellefonte this 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and four and in the one hundred and twenty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States.

H. S. TAYLOR,
Sheriff of Centre County.

Ayer's

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great

Cherry Pectoral

deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

"For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs."
MRS. P. A. ROBINSON, Saline, Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Lungs

Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

GREAT FAITH IN VIN-TE-NA.

Mr. Murray will Refund Your Money if it does not Cure.

Vin-te-na for the cure of coughs of all kinds, chronic and lingering, especially Bronchitis, Laryngitis, earlier stages of Consumption, ministers' or public speakers' sore throat, hoarseness or loss of voice. Vin-te-na does not nauseate or debilitate the stomach or system; but improves digestion, strengthens the stomach, builds up solid flesh, when the system is below a healthy standard, and invigorates the whole body. As a remedy for torpor of the liver and habitual constipation, taken in conjunction with Vin-te-na Liver Pills, it speedily effects a cure. Mr. Murray gives his personal guarantee with Vin-te-na, and will pay back your money if you are not cured or benefitted. For sale by J. D. Murray.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the photographer, will be in Centre Hall on Friday of next week, until 2:30 p. m.

F. E. Wieland, Linden Hall.

Invites you to call at his General Store to see and examine the full line of General Merchandise always on hand . . .

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, FARM PRODUCTS

Wanted at all times. Consult with him before making disposition of these crops . . .

COAL—ALL KINDS, at the Lowest Prices.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills

J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

O. T. CORMAN
SPRING MILLS

Has just received a fine selection of Carpetings, comprising Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain and Rag. All beautiful colorings and a superior grade. At prices from one-third to one-quarter less than is usually charged by other parties.

FLOOR COVERING

Linoleum, floor and table oil cloth, all new designs and bright colors; from 36 to 72 inches in width, selling at remarkably low figures.

STRAW and PANAMA Hats at One-Half Value

Straw, Panama and linen hats, all the latest spring and summer styles, selling at about half value.

Dress and White Goods at Money-Saving Prices

A line of splendid dress and white goods, just placed on the counters. These goods are very choice and desirable and must be seen to be appreciated, and the surprise is the money-saving prices.

Gingham, Prints and Muslin, all grades, also an endless variety of Notions. A full line of beautiful Embroideries, Ribbons and Insertions, at prices to astound you.

Spring and Summer Hosiery

Spring and summer Hosiery and Underwear for ladies and gentlemen at prices about one-third off.

Pants and Overalls

My stock of Pants and Overalls for Men, Boys and Youths is very complete and at all prices.

Just received an invoice of Ladies' Wrappers, new styles, well made and at low figures.

Curtain Poles and Stair Rods in brass and wood. Also a full line of Queensware and Glassware.

My grocery department is very complete and contains everything in that line necessary for family use.

Wanted, immediately, apples, potatoes, poultry and beef hides, and will pay cash or trade.

Be sure to examine my immense stock before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods

World's Fair Excursions.

Low-rate ten-day coach excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad, October 5, 12, 19 and 26. Rate $15.95 from Centre Hall. Train leaves Centre Hall at 8.18 a. m., connecting with special train from New York arriving at St. Louis 4 15 p. m. next day.

Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .

....C. A. KRAPE....

SPRING MILLS, PA.

GARMAN'S

BELLEFONTE

Here.... At Last

Entirely New Lines

Lancaster Gingham Aprons, Reg. size 25c.
Large Aprons, 35c.
The full dress size with 2 pockets, close fitting, 50c.
Fall weight underwear.
Sash curtains 25c. per pair.
Souvenir Postals.
Curtin Monument Postals, 2c.
Souvenir Glasses.
New patterns in Table Linens.
Hotel waitress aprons, 18c.
Large size aprons with bibs, 25 to 75c.
Mohairs in Red, Blue, Brown, Green and Black.
Check Mohairs.

GARMAN'S STORE

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	50	Old Wheat	1 00
Barley	40	Oats	30
New Wheat	1 00	Corn	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	18
Potatoes	35	Eggs	22

FARM FOR SALE—The heirs of Mrs. Mary P. Wilson, deceased offer at private sale the following farm, situated in Potter township, Centre county, Pa.

This farm is known as the Foreman farm, situated about one mile east of Centre Hall Station, now in the occupancy of P. A. Auman, containing one hundred and twenty acres more or less, principally limestone land; all the necessary farm buildings, a never failing supply of water piped to door, good orchard, etc. This farm is offered for sale to close up an estate. Favorable terms will be made with purchasers. For further particulars apply to

MRS. LAURA ELLIOTT, Bellefonte.
or GEO. M. BOAL, Centre Hall.
June 22, 1904.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—The undersigned offers for sale or rent his farm located one mile east of Potters Mills, containing about one hundred acres, seventy of which are under cultivation. The buildings are in good condition and conveniently arranged; there is good fruit on the farm and running water at both house and barn. This is a good opportunity to secure a farm at less than its real value. Apply in person or write to

M. J. DECKER,
Centre Hall, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE—The undersigned offers at private sale the farm one and one-half miles west of Centre Hall, on Brush Valley road, known as the Heckman farm, containing about one hundred and twenty-seven acres, seventeen acres being good timber.

GOOD BUILDINGS AND WATER

A new farm house was built on this place last summer; the barn is large and in good repair. There is running water at both house and barn. The farm is well located and is a desirable and pleasant place to live.

This farm will be sold very cheap, as the owner has no desire to be burdened with the trouble of looking after the property.

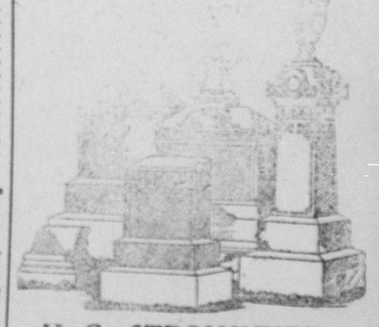
For further particulars write or apply in person to

R. G. VAN VALZAH,
Spring Mills, Pa.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to

H. D. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

HORSE FOR SALE.—No. 1 farm horse for sale. 14 years old, sound, good worker. This is a good, honest horse, and I want a good home for him. Jockies need not apply. Will sell cheap, or exchange for a good No. 1 fresh cow. JOHN SNAVELY,
Sept 29, 1904. Spring Mills.



H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices.

OVER 76 MILLIONS

Represented in the
FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....

The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.

Also, District Agent for . . .
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

(X ... INTERESTING = Very! ----- +)

LOVE AS AN ATTORNEY.

The Hon. R. W. Archibald was the judge who pronounced judgment against his friend Love's claims of integrity. After Love was elevated to the bench in Centre county he was made defendant in a suit over the sale of property in which he had acted as attorney some years before. He sent for Archibald to come from Scranton to Bellefonte and sit specially in the case. After hearing the evidence, the Lackawanna Judge was obliged to render the opinion that Love had been guilty of a gross fraud. Sitting in Love's place upon the bench, Archibald told the former that "nothing but the statutes of limitations saved him."

The case in which Judge Love figured was that involving the settlement of the estate of the late Colonel Daniel G. Bush, who left a large amount of valuable real estate in Bellefonte at the time of his death. A trust company held a mortgage against it for something like $30,000 which was a first lien. The second lien was a judgment in the courts of the United States by A. C. Moore, amounting to about $18,000. There were two other junior liens, owned by residents in Bellefonte, for smaller sums.

Love was not upon the bench at the time, being a practicing attorney at Bellefonte. He undertook to sell the entire property on the mortgage. He bought up the two judgments of his neighbors in order that they might not be adverse bidders at the sale. He advertised the sale upon the mortgage under an old act of Assembly of 1705, which required only ten days' time in which to make a sale. He made a private bargain with the Sheriff to reduce his poundage of fees to minimum, in order to save the legitimate expenses of the sale, and then informed the Sheriff and interested parties that his purpose in doing all this was to cut out a claim or judgment in the Circuit Court.

In other words, and in fact, Love's purpose was to have the property bid off at a figure far below its actual value in order that Moore would not realize anything upon the claim. Mr. Moore, living in another State, would probably not hear of this snap action.

LOVE'S SCHEME CARRIED OUT.

Love's scheme was carried out to the letter. The two judgment creditors received notes for their claims, and according to arrangements, took no part in the bidding. Mr. Moore's claim of $18,000 was not represented because he had no knowledge of the sale. The valuable property, perhaps the most valuable in Bellefonte, was struck off to Love at a mere nominal sum.

Some years afterwards Moore's executors, Moore having meanwhile died, learning of this condition of affairs, employed counsel and entered legal proceedings in the courts of Centre county to set aside the sale on the ground that a gross fraud had been committed, by which they lost $18,000.

It was sought to set aside this sale on the ground of the above alleged fraud. In the meantime Love had been elevated to the bench, and he invited his friend, Judge Archibald, of Scranton, to come over to Bellefonte to hear and determine the case.

SAVED BY STATUTE OF LIMITATION.

After listening to all the facts and arguments, Archibald decided that Love had committed a gross fraud, and nothing but the statute of limitations saved him.

In his finding, Judge Archibald said in his opening sentence:

"It is with great reluctance that I find there was fraud in this transaction."

He then proceeds to the discussion of the case and says:

"It is just here, however, that the evidence of direct fraud comes in. Sheriff Walker testifies squarely and with a particularity that cannot be explained away, that in two different conversations it was declared by Judge Love, who was acting at the time as the attorney for Mr. Tome, as well as for Mrs. Bush, that the sale was to be a nominal one, for the mere purpose of changing title and cutting off a judgment in the United States Circuit Court on an obligation given by Mr. Bush with others as bail for the Beaver Mills, manifestly referring in this to the judgment of Mr. Moore. This was urged upon the Sheriff as a reason for reducing his poundage, and a reduction was secured from him in consequence."

FRAUD WAS EVIDENT.

"Further than that, when Mr. Bush and Mr. Harper, as judgment creditors, asserted their intentions of protecting themselves by bidding at the sale, an arrangement was at once made to pay them off so that they might not be interested to do so. But the fact that they were bought off in this way confirms the idea that the purpose of the sale was to get the property for as little as possible, cutting off Mr. Moore just as is asserted.

"Nor does this rest upon the testimony of Sheriff Walker alone. According to Mr. Bower, who acted in the matter as attorney for Mr. Harper, it was repeated in his hearing at Judge Love's office, and he is equally explicit as to what was said. He is not sure whether Mrs. Bush was present, so as to make the statement evidence against her, but Sheriff Walker is, and this supplies the deficiency.

"Against this, we have merely the declaration of Judge Love that he has no recollection of making any such statement, either to Mr. Walker or Mr. Bower, and that he does not believe that he did, but this is not such a denial as ought to prevail against the positive testimony to the contrary of these gentlemen. Judge Love further says there was no arrangement by which anybody was prevented from bidding, and this is true, and I have so found.

CUT OUT ONE CREDITOR.

"But the practical effect of the purchase of these judgments and the manifest purpose of it still remain. As lien creditors subsequent in rank to the mortgage, as well as to the judgment of Mr. Moore, if Mr. Walker and Mr. Harper took steps as they intended to do to protect themselves, they would have had to bid until their own judgments were covered, and this would have paid off the Moore judgment and made the property cost about all that it was worth, a thing that the parties effecting the sale desired to avoid, if they were trying to get as much benefit out of it as possible."

Again Judge Archibald says: "The case really hangs, therefore, in the view I take of it, on the testimony of Mr. Bower and Sheriff Walker, and while I am not prepared to infer fraud from any of the rest of the evidence, where it is directly sworn to, as it is by these gentlemen, I cannot refuse to do so, however reluctant I may be. I do not mean, however, to suggest, and I cannot believe, that there was a deliberate plan on the part of any one to cheat Mr. Moore out of his judgment.

SOUGHT AN "ADVANTAGE."

"What I think was in the minds of the parties was that, being a non-resident, he might not get notice of the sale, and so not appear to protect his interests, and regarding this as a legitimate advantage they sought to have the benefit of it. He might appear, however, and if he did the property was put up fairly, and there was nothing to stand in his way from bidding upon it. But the chances were that he would not, and of this, no doubt, Mrs. Bush sought to avail herself.

"It must be confessed that the amicable scire facias and the sale almost immediately following it contributed to this, and we can hardly escape the conclusion in view of the evidence that that was the purpose of them. But the chief mistake was in buying off threatened bidders, the object of which is unmistakable. This was a legal, if not an actual fraud, and the consequence of the two in the eyes of the law are very little different."

All of the above article, appeared March 13, 1901, in the Philadelphia North American, a Republican paper then, now is one of Roosevelt's and Fairbank's best supporters. The decision of Judge Archibald, from which the above extracts are made, can be found in the Prothonotary's office in the Court House and is part of the record known as case "No. 214 January Term 1899." In addition to the North American article, we add the following choice extracts from Archibald's findings of law in this case:

"But having been made with the avowed intention of cutting off the judgment of A. C. Moore and having that practical effect, it was a fraud upon him and a resulting trust accrued in favor in consequence."

"More than five years have elapsed since A. C. Moore the Party defrauded, in his lifetime, and the plaintiffs his executors, after his death, could with reasonable diligence have discovered the said fraud, the trust resulting therefrom is barred by the statute and the present bill to enforce it cannot be maintained."

The above is copied from a leading state paper and from the records of our court. It can not be disputed. As we understand the utterance of Judge Archibald the estate of A. C. Moore was actually defrauded out of $18,000, and John G. Love is the attorney who conducted the proceedings. He is the present nominee on the Republican county ticket for President Judge of Centre county courts.

We have no comment to make on such a state of affairs. Having brought it to the attention of the public, we feel we simply perform a duty incumbent upon us at this time, so that the average citizen may know what he is doing when he prepares his ballot in the booth on election day, now close at hand.

Corner Stone Laying.

The Evangelical Christians of Colyer will lay the corner stone for their new church Saturday at 2 p. m. Rev. J. F. Shultz, of Centre Hall, will assist the pastor, Rev. A. J. Horner. Services will be held in the school house near by. All are invited to attend.

Erected Monument.

A splendid monument was erected over the grave of Samuel M. Swartz, at Tusseyville, by H. G. Strohmeier, the Centre Hall marble dealer. Mr. Swartz was a leading citizen in his locality during his life, and it will be gratifying to coming generations to see that his family have properly marked his last resting place.

Burglars in Bellefonte.

Forty-two dollars in cash was taken from the office of Manager Leas, of the Central Pennsylvania Telephone Company, located on second floor of Bush Arcade Hall, Bellefonte. The doors leading to the private office were pried open by the burglars.

C. Y. Wagner's mill, at Roopsburg, was also burglarized. The safe, which was not locked, was opened and five dollars taken from it.

LOCALS.

C. A. Roshon wants to C U.

A new baby came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fye, Potters Mills.

C. A. Roshon is not the only optician, but as good as you will find. Nuf sed.

Miss Mary Fisher, of Penn Hall, Wednesday was the guest of Mrs. H. W. Kreamer, in this place.

Dr. and Mrs. S. H. Alexander, of Potters Mills, were pleasant callers at this office Wednesday afternoon.

What's the matter with your eyes? Ask C. A. Roshon, the expert optician, who will be in Centre Hall for one week, commencing October 31st. Spectacles and eye glasses scientifically fitted and satisfaction guaranteed. No charge for examination and consultation.

Charles Wiser has been seriously ill of typhoid fever for the past few weeks. The last news received from his friends was that his condition had not improved. Mr. Wiser was formerly a resident of this place, having been employed with W. W. Boob, and with whom he was engaged in Cincinnati, Ohio, at the time he was taken ill.

A LEGITIMATE SETTLING OF ESTATE.

It is well known that in his lifetime Judge John H. Orvis became largely involved, by unfortunate business ventures. He did contract indebtedness that he could not immediately pay. Is that evidence of dishonesty? Should he then have lived in a hovel, denied his family decent surroundings and his children educational facilities? No, not when he was able to protect all his creditors, as he did—and no one ever lost a dollar—by apportioning his salary so that a large life insurance was carried for them, another amount annually applied to reduce these obligations, and the remainder used for necessary living expenses. When he resigned as judge and took up active practice he kept reducing these obligations and increasing his life insurance so as to create an estate to not only fully protect all creditors, but to leave ample provision for his family in case of sudden death.

In the fall of 1893 Judge Orvis died. In Will Book E, page 10, his will is recorded, probated November 10, 1893. His estate consisted of his interest in the law firm of Orvis, Bower & Orvis and life insurance amounting to $100,000, of which $80,000 was subject to the payment of any debts against his estate.

The very first provision in this will is a monument to the memory of this noble man:

FIRST. I direct all my just debts and funeral expenses to be paid out of my estate, etc."

The executors were the widow and son Ellis L.

Upon the death of Mrs. Orvis in 1900 her estate passed into the hands of her son Ellis L. and her son-in-law Harry Keller, as joint trustees. Her will is filed on page 505 in Book E, where she specifically provides an ample sum for "paying debts due from my estate, or that of my late husband."

Now the effect of this was that the greater portion of John H. Orvis' large estate stood for over ten long years, liable for any and all just claims that could be presented, and still is liable.

Ellis L. Orvis authorizes the statement that all claims against either estate were paid long ago; does not know of a single dollar of indebtedness remaining unpaid, and if there is and it is presented it will be promptly paid—it can't be avoided. Harry Keller, now the other trustee, a reliable attorney (and a leading Republican) made in substance the same declaration.

There is no record anywhere of any legal action being taken at any time by any disappointed creditor petitioning for a "filing of an account" or an "inventory appraisement" of this estate. As long as all creditors are satisfied there is no law to require executors of this, or any similar estate, to file an "inventory and appraisement or an accounting."

Whenever a just claim against the Orvis estate is properly presented and is not paid, then and then only, can an accounting, inventory and appraisement be required, which is proof in itself that no such condition ever arose since the will was probated, and all heirs are entirely satisfied with the administration of the estate.

147 Voters in Centre Hall.

The register's list for the borough shows one hundred and forty-seven voters.

Colt Sale at Millheim.

Messrs. Gentzell and Beezer will offer for sale at Millheim, Saturday, October 29th, fifty-five head of Illinois weanling colts.

Cider Press Notice.

A. Corman & Son give notice that their cider presses at Spring Mills and Tusseyville will be operated Thursday of each week until the close of the season.

Marriage Licenses.

Thomas M. Weaver, Jr., Bellefonte.
Mary A. Schaffer, Zion.

Stephen J. Jeffery, Philipsburg.
Agnes Shield, Hawk Run.

J. M. Bricker, Buffalo Run.
Lizzie Williams, Bellefonte.

Don't Trade.

It is not necessary to sacrifice a single candidate on the Democratic ticket. Trading is a feature introduced in politics by the unscrupulous. It is an unfair means of gaining victory. No one who is a Democrat in principle will entertain the trading idea; and no Democrat worthy of being placed on the ticket will suggest trading for his benefit. Don't trade; it is dishonorable.

Michael Smith Surprised.

A genuine surprise was planned for Michael Smith, of Potters Mills, by his family and some thirty others, mostly relatives. He reached his fifty-second birthday Tuesday, and it was to celebrate this event that his friends congregated unknown to Mr. Smith. Besides his relatives who participated were Rev. J. M. Rearick, Centre Hall; Thomas Elliott, of New Buffalo and Charles Sneck, of Pittsburg.

LOCALS.

Mrs. George O. Benner, Saturday went to her former home in Martha to be present at the reopening of a church in that place. She returned to her home in Centre Hall Monday.

Charles Mitterling is home from Chicago where he has been employed for the past eighteen months. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mitterling, of this place. Mr. Mitterling had been to St. Louis, and came east from that point. He will return to Chicago after the election.

Read and Learn.

The following is taken from the files of the Bellefonte Republican, and was copied from the Philadelphia Press:

The Supreme Court of the State, in a case taken up from Centre county, has given Judge Love—the Quay boss who occupies the bench in that district—a scoring which is as wholesome as it is just. The case concerned a banking house in which ex-Governor Hastings is interested, and ex-Governor Hastings is the man who has defeated the Quay outfit under Judge Love's leadership in Centre county at all recent primary elections. Judge Love's opinion in the banking house case, if sustained, would have ruined a perfectly solvent business. There are a few intelligent people in Centre county who do not believe the action was due to politics. The Supreme Court in reversing Judge Love declared that his decree "does not rest on either reason or authority;" that there "is no evidence worthy the name to sustain the finding," and that the law controlling the issue was laid down seventy-five years ago. No Common Pleas Judge ever received a more staggering rebuke or one more deserved. But such must be the fate of the political judge. No man who undertakes to boss politics from the bench is fit for judicial service, and no one on the bench or off ever went deeper into the mire of politics than Judge Love.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

LOCALS.

Mrs. Rebecca Murray and daughter, Miss Edna, last week, spent a day in Bellefonte.

Who is C. A. Roshon? C. A. Roshon is an expert optician and fits your eyes just right.

D. R. Sweetwood, of near Potters Mills, who had been in Altoona for some time, is home at present, and is preparing to enjoy the hunting season.

Samuel McClintic, notice of whose death appears in another column, was a brother of Mrs. Mary Burkholder, of Centre Hill, and Mrs. Kate Mapes, of Wilton, New Jersey.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris A. Burkholder, of Altoona, were at Centre Hill for a few days, having come to Centre county to attend the funeral of the former's uncle, Samuel McClintic.

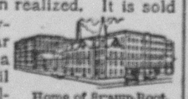
John Glasgow, Second and Vine street, Philadelphia, expects to spend a week, beginning November 1st, in the Seven Mountains hunting deer. He will be accompanied by several other gentlemen from Philadelphia. Mr. Glasgow conducts a first-class hotel and saloon at the point named in Philadelphia.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



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BOOTS AND SHOES

Just now you will find goods adapted to the Fall and Winter Season, and the prices altogether reasonable no matter from which department you may wish to buy.

We invite you to Our Store and ask that you give us at least a share of your patronage.

Men and Women Wanted.

Men and women in this county and adjoining territories, are wanted to represent and advertise an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary to men $21 weekly, to women $12 to $18 weekly with expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address, Blew Bros. &, Co., Dept. A, Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill.—(o.46)

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
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TO OUR MANY FRIENDS:

We have on hand a good line of fall and winter Dress Goods, Cotton Blankets, Shirtings, Outings, Ginghams, etc.

In Notions, a fine line of Heavy Underwear, best fleeced, Heavy Gloves, Golf Gloves and good Mittens.

A line of carpets that will surprise you. Ingrains from 30 to 90 cts. per yd. Brussels from 65 cts. to $1.30 per yd.

Come and see to be convinced that you can save money.

H. F. ROSSMAN, SPRING MILLS

GIRLS WANTED AT MILROY.

We are needing girls to work in the hosiery mill. Light, clean work Good wages guaranteed above cost of boarding. Apply by letter or in person to THOMPSON BROS.,
Milroy, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: **Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Felons, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, White Swelling, Skin Eruptions, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Etc., Etc.**
By Mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall.

A man may be thoroughly honest and still have an umbrella every time it rains.

Uncle Sam's Place

Accommodations for 150 People.

3048 Locust Street, ST. LOUIS

Rates 50c., 75c., and $1.00 per day; meals, 25c. Take any car at Union Station, north to Olive street, transfer west, get off at Garrison Avenue, walk one block north to Locust west one-half block to 3048 Locust street. Located within one block of three direct car lines, Page, Delmar and Olive; running to three different entrances to the World's Fair. Coming from grounds, take Olive, Page or Delmar cars. Correspondence solicited.

SAMUEL DRESHER, Prop.

(Formerly a resident of Centre Hall, to those special attention will be given if they call while in St. Louis.)

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All points in North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi and

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Perhaps you like your gray hair; then keep it. Perhaps not; then remember—Hall's Hair Renewer always restores color to gray hair. Stops falling hair, also.

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STARK FRUIT BOOK

44 pages 9 x 12 inches; 22 pages showing in natural colors 216 varieties of Fruit, with concise description and season of ripening of each; 64 half-tone views of Nurseries, Orchards, Packing Houses, etc. **Send 50 cts.** for book (post-paid) and **Rebate Ticket** permitting return of book **by mail** within 60 days and we refund the 50¢. Or, mail us within 1 year, Rebate Ticket with $12 order for nursery stock and we will credit **$1.00** in part payment on your order and you KEEP THE BOOK **free. WE PAY THE FREIGHT.**

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Build up your Strength with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE,

a pleasant, potent and permanent Invigorator for **WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.**

NOTE.—The following article has been widely published and is one of the most remarkable illustrations of the value of careful marshalling and analysis of facts in presenting a subject to the public.

LEVELERS.

The Mission of Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee.

The Creator made all things, we believe.

If so, He must have made these.

We know what He made food and water for, and air and sunshine, but why Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee?

They are here sure enough and each performing its work.

There must be some great plan behind it all; the thoughtful man seeks to understand something of that plan and thereby to judge these articles for their true worth.

Let us not say "bad" or "good" without taking testimony.

There are times and conditions when it certainly seems to the casual observer that these stimulant narcotics are real blessings.

Right there is the ambush that conceals a "killing" enemy.

One can slip into the habit of either whisky, tobacco or coffee easy enough, but to "untangle" is often a fearful struggle.

It seems plain that there are circumstances when the narcotic effect of these poisons is for the moment beneficial, but the fearful argument against them is that seldom ever does one find a steady user of either whisky, coffee or tobacco free from disease of some kind.

Certainly powerful elements in their effect on the human race.

It is a matter of daily history testified to by literally millions of people, that Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee are smiling, promising, beguiling friends on the start, but always false as hell itself in the end. Once they get firm hold enough to show their strength, they insist upon governing and drive the victim steadily towards ill health in some form; if permitted to continue to rule, they will not let up until physical and mental ruin sets in.

A man under that spell (and "under the spell" is correct), of any one of these drugs, frequently assures himself and his friends, "Why, I can leave off any time I want to. I did quit for a week just to show I could." It is a sure mark of the slave when one gets to that stage. He wiggled through a week fighting every day to break the spell, was finally whipped, and began his slavery all over again.

The slave (Coffee slave as well as Tobacco and Whisky) daily reviews his condition, sees perfectly plain the steady encroachments of disease, how the nerves get weaker day by day and demand the drug that seems to smile and offer relief for a few minutes and then leave the diseased condition plainer to view than ever and growing worse. Many times the Coffee slave realizes that he is between two fires. He feels bad if he leaves off, and a little worse if he drinks and allows the effect to wear off.

So it goes on from day to day. Every night the struggling victim promises himself that he will break the habit and next day when he feels a little bad (as he is quite sure to), breaks, not the habit, but his own resolution. It is nearly always a tough fight, with disaster ahead sure if the habit wins.

There have been hundreds of thousands of people driven to their graves through disease brought on by coffee drinking alone, and it is quite certain that more human misery is caused by coffee and tobacco than by whisky, for the two first are more widely used, and more hidden and insidious in the effect on nerves, heart and other vital organs, and are thus unsuspected until much of the dangerous work is done.

Now, Reader, what is your opinion as to the real use the Creator has for these things? Take a look at the question from this point of view.

There is a law of Nature and of Nature's God that things slowly evolve from lower planes to higher, a sturdy, steady and dignified advance toward more perfect things in both the Physical and Spiritual world. The ponderous tread of evolutionary development is fixed by the Infinite and will not be quickened out of natural law by any of man's methods.

Therefore we see many illustrations showing how nature checks too rapid advance. Illinois raises phenomenal crops of corn for two or three years. If she continued to do so every year her farmers would advance in wealth far beyond those of other sections or countries. So Nature interposes a bar every three or four years and brings on a "bad year."

Here we see the leveling influence at work.

A man is prosperous in his business for a number of years and grows rich. Then Nature sets the "leveling influence" at work on him. Some of his investments lose, he becomes luxurious and lazy. Perhaps it is whisky, tobacco, coffee, women, gambling, or some other form. The intent and purpose is to level him. Keep him from evolving too far ahead of the masses.

A nation becomes prosperous and great like ancient Rome. If no leveling influence set in she would dominate the world perhaps for all time. But Dame Nature sets her army of "levelers" at work. Luxury, over eating and drinking, licentiousness, waste and extravagance, indulgences of all kinds, then comes the wreck. Sure, Sure, Sure.

The law of the unit is the law of the mass. Man goes through the same process. Weakness (in childhood), gradual growth of strength, energy, thrift, probity, prosperity, wealth, comfort, ease, relaxation, self-indulgence, luxury, idleness, waste, debauchery, disease, and the wreck follows. The "levelers" are in the bushes along the pathway of every successful man and woman and they bag the majority.

Only now and then can a man stand out against these "levelers" and hold his fortune, fame and health to the end.

So the Creator has use for Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee to level down the successful ones and those who show signs of being successful, and keep them back in the race, so that the great 'field" (the masses) may not be left too far behind.

And yet we must admit that same all wise Creator has placed it in the power of man to stand upright, clothed in the armor of a clean cut, steady mind and say unto himself, "I decline to exchange my birthright for a mess of potage.

"I will not deaden my senses, weaken my grip on affairs and keep myself cheap, common and behind in fortune and fame by drugging with whisky, tobacco or coffee; life is too short. It is hard enough to win the good things, without any sort of handicap, so a man is certainly a 'fool trader' when he trades strength, health, money, and the good things that come with power, for the half-asleep condition of the 'drugger' with the certainty of sickness and disease ahead."

It is a matter each individual must decide for himself. He can be a leader and semi-god if he will, or he can go along through life a drugged clown, a cheap "hewer of wood or carrier of water."

Certain it is that while the Great Father of us all does not seem to "mind" if some of His children are foolish and stupid, He seems to select others (perhaps those He intends for some special work) and allows them to be threshed and castigated most fearfully by these "levelers."

If a man tries flirting with these levelers awhile, and gets a few slaps as a hint, he had better take the hint or a good solid blow will follow.

When a man tries to live upright, clean, thrifty, sober, and undrugged, manifesting as near as he knows what the Creator intends he should, happiness, health and peace seem to come to him. Does it pay?

This article was written to set people thinking, to rouse the "God within," for every highly organized man and woman has times when they feel a something calling from within for them to press to the front and "be about the Father's business;" don't mistake it; the spark of the Infinite is there and it pays in every way, health, happiness, peace, and even worldly prosperity, to break off the habits and strip clean for the work cut out for us.

It has been the business of the writer to provide a practical and easy way for people to break away from the coffee habit and be assured of a return to health and all of the good things that brings, provided the abuse has not gone too far, and even then the cases where the body has been rebuilt on a basis of strength and health run into the thousands.

It is an easy and comfortable step to stop coffee instantly by having well-made Postum Food Coffee served rich and hot with good cream, for the color and flavor is there, but none of the caffeine or other nerve destroying elements of ordinary coffee.

On the contrary, the most powerful rebuilding elements furnished by Nature are in Postum and they quickly set about repairing the damage. Seldom is it more than two days after the change is made before the old stomach or bowel troubles or complaints of kidneys, heart, head or nerves show unmistakable evidence of getting better and ten days' time changes things wonderfully.

Literally millions of brain working Americans to-day use Postum, having found the value and common sense in the change.

C. W. POST.

ASPARAGUS LONG A FAVORITE

Records Date Back Almost to Beginning of Authentic History.

Of all food plants there is none which has been so long known or been possessed of so distinguished a lineage as the asparagus. Its records reach back almost to the beginning of authentic history, and it is mentioned by the comic poet Cratinus, who died about 425 B. C. The Romans held the vegetable in high esteem. The elder Cato wrote a work which is still extant, "De re Rustica," and it treats at length of the virtues and proper cultivation of asparagus. Pliny, in his natural history, written about 60 A. D., has much to say about it. He feelingly observes: "Of all the products of your garden your chief care should be asparagus," and he devotes several chapters to its many good qualities and the best methods of raising it. He asserts that the soil about Ravenna was so favorable to its production that three heads grown in that district had been known to weigh a Roman pound. This pound seems to have been about equal to eleven ounces in our day, so it would apparently have taken four of the stalks to have reached a pound of our weight.

The asparagus being essentially a southern plant, it is possible that the stock growing in Italy was of a more vigorous growth than that of our northern clime. It is found all around the shores of the Mediterranean and branches off into four or five distinct species besides the one ordinarily used for edible purposes.

Many Strawberries from an Acre.

H. P. Woodworth of Westfield, Vt., has picked this year from a bed of less than an acre, 4,000 quarts of strawberries. The picking season lasted from June 20 until Aug. 1.

FARM AND GARDEN

A FEW PIGEON NOTES.

The Homer pigeon is more popular with squab raisers than any other variety. It stands confinement well, and is a large, well-built bird. The squabs are large and never turn dark when dressed.

Common pigeons are not liked on account of their small size; besides, their squabs are inclined to turn dark when dressed.

Pigeons are not believers in mormonism. Equal numbers of cocks and hens must be procured. An odd cock is capable of much mischief. He will destroy the eggs and squabs.

They are fond of a good bath. During nice weather they should be given fresh water in their tubs twice a week.

Pigeons that are penned up should not be fed new grain, as it does not agree with them. They require a variety of good, sound food. They are fond of wheat, millet, hemp seed, corn, buckwheat, etc. They will soon devour a salt codfish tacked up inside their house.

Keep fresh gravel before them always.—W., in Farm Journal.

WHAT THE PACKER WANTS.

The butcher pig weighing not over 270 pounds is the most profitable animal for both producer and killer. The reason is the same that won popularity for the handy-weight steer; public taste has changed. Not many years ago we paid a premium of as much as $1 a hundred-weight for big, heavy hogs, known as French fat backs, from which we got a back weighing forty-five or fifty pounds; but they are not wanted now, even by the French. Another cause of butcher pig popularity is the enormous increase in consumption of fresh pork. Retailers want a loin weighing ten or twelve pounds, and no heavier, and to furnish this 300 pounds must be the maximum weight of the live hog. We find that these medium weights are the healthiest. They rarely show tuberculosis, the bulk of condemnations being excessive weights. Growers marketing medium weights sell them at seven to eight months old, reducing the loss and making a quick turn. Hog raisers aiming at maximum results will produce this grade, but they must be matured to top the market. Anything weighing 200 to 280 pounds—sometimes I stretch it to 300—will fill the bill, but a square back and good finish are essential to top price-getting.—Mr. Goepper, in Breeder's Gazette.

WORTH OF THE FARM BOY.

Some folks figure out what the farm boy costs, but they do not seem to think that he is worth the raising.

But he is!

He brings the cows twice a day, the wood for night, and gathers the eggs when we are all tired out from the day's work.

Forty times a day he hears the call, "Johnny, run and get the hammer or the auger." And he runs.

He never says a word back when folks call him "Bub" and tell him how "no account" boys are.

He is a great, big streak of sunshine wherever he goes all over the farm.

He knows where all the hoes, axes, saws and other farm tools are. Sometimes people say he knows this because he scatters the tools around; but it is not always so.

He keeps the rest of us from getting old. We must keep thinking if we answer the thousand and one questions he asks, and we must answer them or die, for he must know.

In short, the boy brings back two dollars where he costs a cent. If you do not believe it, just wait till he is gone and see what a hole it makes in the running of the farm. He fills a gap that no amount of money can fill.

Instead of figuring how much the boy costs, I think it is a great deal better to think how much he saves.—Farmer Vincent in The Farm Journal.

SELECTION OF THE BROOD SOW.

The time is now at hand when an intelligent selection of the sow can be made from early litters, to replace those that should be discarded. The fastest growers, best feeders and those having the best points can now be seen. There may, however, be good growers that are of too lazy and sluggish a habit to ever make good mothers. Then, too, you must be sure that the hearing is perfect, as lack of this quality is one of the causes of overlaying and killing the young, and, furthermore, this defect is likely to be transmitted to the offspring. Always select with a view to uniformity of size, as an even bunch of hogs appeals the strongest to the buyer. In selecting bear in mind the records of the dams as prolific and good mothers, for this quality is passed along from one generation to another. Then, too, always select those that come nearest to conforming to your view of the type, providing always that the animal is not lacking in the qualities pointed out above. The selection of the sow has much to do with the uniformity of bunches of feeders from year to year.

After the young sows are selected separate them from the ones designed for market, and when keeping on pasture do not neglect to give them a sufficient grain ration to bring about the greatest development of bone and muscle, but do not make them fat. The result of a few years' judicious selection will prove surprising to any one who has never had any system in this matter.—Farm, Stock and Home.

IMPROVING THE BREEDS.

What is the end and purpose of improvement in breeding? It is and cannot fail to be the improvement of any breed for the purpose for which it is kept and valued. The Merinos, for their special varieties of wood for distinct uses; the coarse wools for their similar product, but for other uses; the medium or clothing wools in the same way, and it can be readily seen that as the fleece is the specially valuable product which can be varied only by special breed, and the mutton is very much the same in all sheep, varieties of sheep must ever and always be cultivated, changed and improved, for the fleece first, and for mutton, as it may happen, excepting that in this respect the most rapidly and early maturing varieties will always excel in desirability for the butchers' use as feeding lambs. We must look forward very soon to the fact that our fast increasing population will demand a large increase in the production of mutton, in spite of the fact that a large proportion of our people are not as yet naturally mutton eaters. This taste, however, will soon be acquired, for it cannot always be ignored that mutton is the most nutritious, digestible and convenient of all meats, and economy will prevail over an undeserved and unprofitable stigma, and when this happens the use of the more convenient and more digestible and nutritious mutton will greatly increase. All the more reason for this because of the greater convenience of it and the ease with which small flocks may be kept for local use, to supply small villages and farmers' families. And for all the varied uses of the sheep we have breeds enough and to spare; and rather than to found any new breed for any reason whatever, it will be to mix the breeds we now have, so that the best sheep for the farmer and feeder, and for the more extensive use on the Western pastures, will be that one which will best adapt itself to its environments. And this we cannot help but think will be based on the Shropshire mixed with the heavier Merinos. But anyhow, we cannot think that there is any place for any new breed of sheep either as a mutton or as a wool bearer, and that the only efforts that have been made in this line for over twenty-five years past, one in Kentucky and one in New York, will doubtless be the last to be made by the most adventurous and enterprising hunter after something new of this modern, practical age.—Henry Stewart, in American Sheep Breeder.

GOOD BULLS IMPORTANT.

Prof. Hansen calls attention to the fact that greater stress is laid upon obtaining good milk cows than noted milking strains of good bulls, and says:

"It is a matter of course that the bull should exhibit signs of race. Its outward appearance ought to guarantee the transmission of its descendants of the desired conformation. Where the buyer has the yield of milk in view it behooves him to bear in mind that this is a matter that depends on the sire as well as on the dam. A good milch cow will not be the mother of good milch cows if the bull has not also belonged to a race of good milkers. This is a principle of breeding that deserves more attention than has hitherto been paid to it. Unfortunately, statistics have been waning hitherto; it requires time to collect the necessary data, and a herd of some size, in order to compare the milk yields of cows the progeny of a particular bull with the yields of other cows, the descendants of other bulls. This has been done by Herr Schrewe, of Kleinhoff-Paplan. The experiments were made with 153 cows, descendants of four bulls, and their yields of milk within a period varying from three to six years, not merely in relation to the quantities, but also their richness in fatty matter and butter. The results conclusively demonstrate the influence of the bulls on the milk yields of their female descendants."—Indiana Farmer.

Cougar Killed in Coon Hunt.

A coon hunt that ended in a cougar killing was the experience of C. J. Oglesby on Fall Creek a few days since. The dogs took up the trail of the coons and had run but a short distance when they came upon the mountain lion, which they treed. The beast had hardly crawled beyond the reach of the snarling pack when the hunter came up and brought down the big cat with one shot. The hide, when stretched, measured 6 1-2 feet by 8 1-2 feet.

The coons are suposed to have met the cougar before the hunter came up, and to have suffered for it.—Portland Oregonian.

SALT FOR THE BATHS.

A cupful of ordinary rock salt is an invaluable addition to the bath. It is especially soothing to a person with jaded nerves, and will often ensure a restful sleep to an invalid or a little child. The salt should be dissolved and thoroughly mixed with the water, which should be moderately warm. Baths of this kind will, in a measure, take the place of sea bathing.

A NEW DOLL.

From Paris have just been received beautiful dolls that are more wonderful than the famous talking dolls that lisp out when wound up with a key "papa" and "mama." The new dolls walk as well as talk. All that is necessary to make the lovely little ladies walk in a most dignified manner is merely to touch a spring.

These dolls are almost as large as their small mothers and are dressed in real children's clothes. Their limbs are perfectly formed, and there is no tottering along like ordinary dolls on tiny feet.

PINEAPPLE BASKETS.

A pleasing variation from the regulation methods of serving fruit is to utilize a basket fashioned from a pineapple or a melon for this purpose. The inside part of the fruit is carefully cut away, leaving a hollow case. The contents, free from core and seeds, are then returned to the shells, sweetened or flavored with liquid if desired. A sprinkling of sugar and liquor add to the flavor of the melon. Other fruits may be mingled in the basket, and, when the blend permits, served with whipped cream. Carefully prepared, these fruit baskets impart a decorative touch to the table, and are especially appropriate for luncheon.

ALWAYS RESOURCEFUL.

The American woman is full of resource. I saw one the other day last week, when the temperature was something terrific, wearing a dark blue frock, that, on a second glance, showed itself to consist of a skirt of dark blue fine cloth and a tucked blouse bodice of dark blue mousseline de soie; she couldn't have thought of anything quieter or cooler. This blouse bodice, which one imagines she had got made to match the skirt or her tailor costume, was very prettily manœuvered with dark blue embroideries, and it had such a nice quiet look and was so very suitable, as she had a stout figure, not one made for light garb. Many tricks of dress can be learned by observing the ways of Americans, young and thin, or middle-aged and given to embonpoint.—London Graphic

GOWNS THAT WEAR TOO WELL.

Personally, I have the greatest horror of things that wear too well; in fact, I think there is nothing more inconvenient than gowns that will not wear out, says a writer in the London Graphic.

We all know them so well—the velvet gown that no amount of wear seems to damage, however antiquated its "cut;" the lace robe that somehow lasts so miraculously, with the unwelcome but not to be mistaken zeal of a passe mode so plainly set upon it, or that too durable tailor-made suit that we know is hopelessly old-fashioned, yet that is much too good to put away. All of which drawbacks should remind us—those of us, at any rate, who are not millionaires—that it is the greatest mistake to have clothes too costly of their kind.

The cleaning and turning of dresses is but an unsatisfactory economy, and it is far wiser to have fewer dresses and wear them out straight away.

RICH WOMEN'S COSTLY RIGS.

Mrs. Safford Barstow, the New York woman who spends her entire time simply designing on paper new creations in the garb of American womanhood, was asked if the statement made in the dressmakers' convention that some women spend as much as $25,000 on their clothes in a year was an exaggeration. "That is merely a fair average," she said. "Far from being distorted, the figure named is very conservative. Mrs. John Jacob Astor, I think, is admitted to be the best-dressed woman in New York. I am certain that she spends all of $50,000 a year on her dresses. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt is a close second. Her dressmaking bill certainly runs over $40,000, while Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish and Mrs. Joseph Widener, for instance, are in a big class that easily part their husbands from upward of $35,000 each year for the benefit of the dressmakers, shoemakers, glovers, etc."

WOMEN AS WHALERS.

The London Field describes a whale hunt in Shetland when several hundred of the animals appeared in the bay while all of the men and most of the women were away herring fishing.

Several boats, however, went out, one of them being that of the schoolmistress, who was accompanied by some of her pupils. The boats succeeded in driving a large number of whales ashore. "I had nothing but an old bayonet," says the writer, "and getting it, the work of spearing was entered upon till no fewer than eighty-six whales were secured. A lady with a pitchfork also helped for a time, but her strength was soon used up, and I had to desist from sheer exhaustion, else a few more might easily have been added to the grand total.

"The whales realized 2s. a head and 3s. 6d. a hundredweight for the blubber. This is the largest 'hunt' for many years, and the unique feature is that the majority of the captors were women."

A WORD ABOUT BABIES.

Too much food and too little nourishment is doing a great deal of harm to many little ones. For infants who must be "bottled," milk diluted with barley-water, a grain of salt and a pinch of sugar added, given lukewarm from an absolutely clean bottle and nipple every two hours (never oftener, is, I consider, a perfect food, and a fat, jolly baby will result. But common sense must be used. A mother can soon tell whether her baby cries from hunger or from overfeeding. Don't ask any one; judge for yourself.

For children the simpler the meals, the fewer sweets, candies and unnecessaries, the better. For breakfast in the summer give them bread and butter, milk, sliced tomatoes or any fresh fruit but oranges, which would not agree with milk. Pineapple is indigestible, though the juice is good.

In winter give porridge, and be sure it is well boiled and that too much sugar is not added. The porridge may be made from oatmeal, rolled wheat, cracked wheat, hominy, corn-meal, bread and milk or sliced bananas (no purgative medicine is ever needed if fruit be given in mornings when necessary). On Sunday an egg, poached or boiled.

For dinner give any meat but pork, soup or fish, all vegetables (except corn), a plain pudding, no pie or boiled paste.

For tea give bread and butter, milk or cocoa, occasionally preserve, maple syrup, rhubarb or honey.

The more moderation is exercised in eating, the better. The food should be plain, good and appetizing, and the children should be given all they want.

If children's appetites are not spoiled by sweets they will enjoy everything put before them.—Woman's Home Companion.

HOW TO CURL PLUMES.

If you have been wearing ostrich plumes at the shore it is likely that they will come back in a state of unfit bedraggledness. You can curl them just as well as the professional if you will take the pains, says the Philadelphia Press.

First of all, water will not injure a good plume. Wash it in a tepid bath of slightly soapy water. A small basin is the best utensil to use, as you can swish it around the edge without spreading the feathers too much. The soap should be in such quantity as to just make light suds. Run the feather through your hands gently three or four times to remove the dirt; when it appears clean, rinse it in two baths of clear tepid water and drain.

Great care must be exercised in drying a feather and it is not to be laid down from the moment it leaves the basin until all the moisture has been driven out. To hasten matters it may be partially dried over a stove, but the sun is better. Fan it, but not too much, while the drying is going on.

When the plume is still a trifle moist hold it for about half a minute over a spout of a steaming kettle. This curls the feather, after which it is to be dried rapidly over a stove plate, in order not to lose the curl.

Never brush a feather to get it to fall into place, shake it instead. If the ends of the feather prove refractory they may be given an extra curl with a curling iron, though you must be careful that the instrument is neither dirty with soot nor too hot. The hottest temperature the finger can stand is a good test.

FASHION HINTS.

Among novel weaves is the chiffon taffeta quadrille.

An armure weave has now been introduced in panne velvets; one can have it in both street and in evening shades.

A very smart velvet for tailor gowns is in small check shepherd's plaid in black and white. This has always an especially neat effect, and costs only from one and a half to two dollars.

Coin spots in white or black are seen on black and colored velvets. Some show spots in three graduating sizes.

Oriental velvets show rich patterns in Persian coloring, with a preponderance of copper colored and other metallic effects, or with iridescent surface.

Plushes have returned in two-tone effect, and are intended for cloaks quite as much as for gowns. The zebra plush is, of course, decorated with striping of black. Metallic and changeable plushes are seen, some in dainty evening shades.

Besides the rows of bebe ribbon used through beading to draw up the neck of corset covers, the tops of the armholes and the fronts are now further embellished by goodly-sized bows of wide ribbon.

A VOICE FROM THE PULPIT.

Rev. Jacob D. Van Doren, of 37 Sixth street, Fond Du Lac, Wis., Presbyterian clergyman, says: "I had attacks of kidney disorders which kept me in the house for days at a time, unable to do anything. What I suffered can hardly be told. Complications set in, the particulars of which I will be pleased to give in a personal interview to any one who requires information. This I can conscientiously say, Doan's Kidney Pills caused a general improvement in my health. They brought great relief by lessening the pain and correcting the action of the kidney secretions."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Deer Just Looked Around.

A deer entered the garden of Chas. Morgrage of Goffstown, N. H., and wandered around quite a while, not offering to eat anything. At last it squeezed out between the barbed wires of the fence on one side of the railroad, passed across and through the other barbed wire fence without injuring itself in the least.

Rocks.

The man of substance was proud to be mentioned in connection with so high an office, but he would not be a candidate.

"This rock," he exclaimed, pointing to a great granite bowlder, "shall fly from its firm base as soon as mine——"

Here the committee of notification withdrew, perceiving that their mission was hopeless.—Puck.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Labor-Saving Hand Organs.

Labor-saving devices have got to the hand organs at last, says the New York Sun. In one of the latest, instead of the organ man turning the crank, he presses a button. The music plays on till he releases his finger. The music is sweeter than that of other organs and it can be heard blocks away.

Too Many Watermelons.

The Imperial valley, California, is suffering from a plague of watermelons. The domestic melon has escaped and is running wild over the ranches, and rank vines choking out wheat, barley and other crops, causing heavy losses on the great ranches. The Indians are the only ones who find any enjoyment in the situation.

FIBROID TUMORS CURED.

Mrs. Hayes' First Letter Appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for Help:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been under Boston doctors' treatment for a long time without any relief. They tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing-down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time.

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor given in your little book accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Hayes' Second Letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote to you describing my symptoms and asked your advice. You replied, and I followed all your directions carefully, and to-day I am a well woman.

"The use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** entirely expelled the tumor and strengthened my whole system. I can walk miles now. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female trouble of any kind to give it a faithful trial."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

—$5000 forfeit if original of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced

MONARCH STUMP PULLER. Will pull 5-foot stump without help. Guaranteed to stand a strain of 250,000 lbs. Catalogue and discounts address MONARCH GRUBBER CO., Lone Tree, Ia.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

In a holograph will executed on August 22, 1903, the day after his son committed suicide, Colonel James Boyd, the late Nestor of the Montgomery County Bar, bequeaths his entire estate to his grandson, James S. Boyd, in trust, condition upon the payment of $300 annually to Colonel Boyd's sister, Mrs. Mary Pugh, of Newtown, Pa. James S. Boyd is the executor and trustee. The will has been admitted to probate. At the death of the grandson the will provides that the estate shall be divided in accordance with the interstate laws then in force. The estate is valued at "$50,000 and upward," that being the limit of the fee bill in the State. It is considered to be worth many times that sum, although no definite estimate can be made now, as the estator made distribution of much of his estate before death.

"There's a man on the other end of this rope," were the words of a note fastened to the anchor line of a rowbat found by fishermen in the middle of Presque Isle Bay. The rope was pulled up, and along with it the dead body of Louis E. Thompson, a painter. No cause for the suicide is known.

The Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania Ancient Order United Workmen, adjourned at Uniontown after a three days' session. The next biennial meeting will be in Cambridge Springs.

The title of past grand master workman was conferred on Dr. P. Y. Eisenberg, of Norristown, grand medical examiner, for eleven years' continuous service.

Addison Thompson Bullock, of Media, was arrested charged with shooting blackbirds. Chief of Police McKniff, who made the arrest, testified that Bullock killed three birds. Bullock was fined $30 and costs and in default of this amount was sent to jail for ten days.

Application was made to court in Pottsville for a receiver for the Lytle Coal Company. The Philadelphia and Reading and the Pennsylvania Coal Company, with some individuals, are interested in this colliery, but cannot agree on an operating plan.

A controversy has arisen over the site for the monument to be erected to commemorate the battle of Hanover, for which the last Legislature appropriated $7000. The commission, composed of Governor Pennypacker, Colonel John P. Nicholosn and Prof. Daniel Eberly, decided to place the monument inside the oval of Center Square and excavations were begun. A public meeting was held and Town Council ordered the excavation stopped. The majority of the citizens desired the monument erected outside the oval of Center Square, and if necessary will appeal to the county court for an injunction. The monument has been completed by a Boston sculptor.

Bloodhounds were placed on the trail of the negro who attacked and robbed Miss Anna Love, sister of Judge John G. Love, of Bellefonte, near her home, at Tyrone, last night. The dogs apparently caught the scent and followed it to the cell where Edward Mills, a negro suspect, was confined in the Tyrone lockup. The negro was confronted by Miss Love, but she was unable positively to identify him. Mills was arrested while in bed. Lewis Carnegie, with whom Mills boarded, says Mills was out of the house at the time of the assault. The negro who robbed Miss Love knocked her senseless, and she has not recovered from her injuries.

Two masked men held up Edward Johnson, chauffer in the employ of Mrs. John Janeway, of Oaks, while he was returning from Norristown in the family's automobile. The highwaymen hailed Johnson and asked for a ride. Thinking it was two of his friends, he stopped the machine. The two men then jumped into the automobile and relieved Johnson of his watch and $10, but returned the watch before releasing Johnson.

Mrs. Sarah R. Leatherman and William Harrold, of Doylestown, were married by Rev. E. F. Hoffman, of the Beckman Memorial Church. The bridegroom is 77 years old and the bride is 66 years of age.

The Norristown Lutheran Conference, in session at Norristown, elected these officers: President, Rev. P. A. Laury, of Perkasie; recording secretary, Rev. N. E. Miller, of Phoenixville; treasurer, Rev. W. O. Waage, of Pennsburg.

Lancaster Classis of the Reformed Church, at a meeting at Lancaster, licensed Rev. John W. Ault, formerly connected with the Church of God, to preach in the Reformed Church, and confirmed him as pastor of Zion Church, Lancaster.

Burglars entered the residences of Mrs. James Elhanan, Jonas Carl, W. F. Fetzer and F. G. Finkbiner, in Parkerford. Sideboards and closets were searched by the intruders, who were evidently in search of money, but no articles of value were taken.

James S. Miller, of Sumneytown, had erected a new oil mill, where linseed oil will be manufactured according to the old process of fifty years ago, by which the seed is ground between two large stones and the oil pressed out between wedges. Michael Young, a pioneer oil mill operator, will have charge of the mill.

Good grain and potato crops are reported from all parts of Montgomery County.

George Roop, of Custer Station, was arrested and held for trial, charged with robbing the telephone cash box and a chewing gum slot machine at the Hotel Montgomery. It is alleged he secured a room at the hotel, but arose about 4 o'clock A. M., and after committing the thefts distributed chewing gum liberally among the hotel employees.

While Frank Reilley, aged 20 years, was directing the raising of a flag pole for a political rally at Oak Hill the pole fell on Reilley and one of his legs was broken.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. C. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Progress is slow but sure in the leading branches of manufacture, contracts being more readily placed for distant delivery, while the percentage of idle machinery steadily decreases.

Satisfactory news from leading iron and steel centers tends to strengthen confidence elsewhere, as the consumption of iron has been found a good barometer of business conditions.

Jobbing and wholesale trade in Fall and Winter wearing apparel expands gradually, and such Spring lines as are opened meet with a fairly satisfactory reception considering the recent indisposition to provide for future requirements. At many points the return of warm weather checked the revival of retail trade in heavy goods, but as that movement had begun much earlier than usual, the net result thus far is better than last year. Building operations have expanded, at some cities establishing a noteworthy record for the month of September, and the permits recently issued promise well for the future.

Labor is fairly well employed, according to the latest official trades union reports. Latest returns of foreign commerce compare very favorably with the corresponding time last year, and railway earnings in the first week of October were 6.9 per cent. larger than in 1903.

Failures this week were 208 in the United States, against 208 last year, and in Canada 24, compared with 28 a year ago.

Bradstreets says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 1,357,175 bushels, against 1,105,928 last week. Corn exports for the week aggregate 857,517 bushels, against 652,811 last week.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md.—FLOUR—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 4,292 barrels; exports, 148 barrels.

WHEAT—Strong; spot, contract 1,18@1.18¼; spot No. 2 red Western 1.20@1.20¼; October, 1.18@1.18¼; November, 1.18¾@1.19; December 1.19¼@120; May, 122¾@1.23; steamer No. 2 red, 1.13@1.13¼; receipts 9,430 bushels; Southern by sample, 8c @1.10; Southern on grade, 1.08@1.18

CORN—Steady; year, 50¼@50½; January, 49¾@50; February, 49¾@50 receipts, 100 bushels; Southern white corn, 55@58; Southern yellow corn 61@62.

OATS—Quiet; No. 2 white, 34@34½; No. 2 mixed, 33½ bid; receipts 15,090 bushels.

RYE—Steady; No. 2 Western, 89; receipts, 848 bushels.

BUTTER—Firm, unchanged; fancy imitation, 17@18; fancy creamery 21@22; fancy ladle, 14@15; storepacked, 12@13.

EGGS—Firm, unchanged; 21.

11@11½; medium, 11⅛@11½; small, 11¼@11½.

New York.—FOUR—Receipts, 22,521 barrels; exports, 8,121 barrels; sales, 3,800 packages. Market steady, with fair demand.

LARD—Weak. Western steam, 7.70

PORK—Quiet. Family, 16.00; short clear, 14.00@17.00; mess, 12.50@13.00.

COTTONSEED OIL—Weak. Prime crude, nominal; do., yellow, 27¾@28

POTATOES—Firm. Long Island, 1.75@2.00; State and Western, 1.35@1.75; Jersey sweets, 1.25@1.75.

PEANUTS—Dull. Fancy hand picked, 5@5¼; other domestic, 3@6¼.

CABBAGES—Steady; per barrel, 50@75.

EVAPORATED APPLES—Easy, with outside figures rather extreme. Common are quoted at 4@4½; prime, at 4¾@5; choice, at 5½@6; fancy, at 6½@7.

BUTTER—Firm; receipts, 3,509. Street prices, extra creamery, 20¼. Official prices, creamery common to extra, 13@20½; State dairy, common to extra, 13@19½.

CHEESE—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 3,821.

EGGS—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 3,671.

POULTRY—Alive, weak; Western chickens, 13½; fowls, 14; turkeys, 13@14. Dressed, irregular; Western chickens, 12@14; fowls, 13½; turkeys, 15@16.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Market 10c. lower; good to prime steers, 5.70@6.70; poor to medium, 3.50@5.60; stockers and feeds, 2.25@4.00; cows, 1.50@4.20; heifers, 2.00@5.00; canners, 1.50@2.40; bulls, 2.00@4.35; calves, 3.00@7.00; Texas fed steers, 3.75@5.50; Western steers, 3.00@5.25.

HOGS—5c. to 10c. lower; mixed and butchers', 5.15@5.75; good to choice heavy, 5.50@5.75; rough heavy, 5.00@5.25; light, 5.15@5.65; bulk of sales, 5.35@5.55.

SHEEP—Sheep, strong; lambs, weak; good to choice wethers, 3.50@4.20; fair to choice, mixed, 3.25@3.75; lambs, 4.00@5.90; Western lambs, 4.00@5.60.

New York—BEEVES—Medium to good steers, firm to 10c. higher; common, more active, and firm; bulls, strong; cows, steady to strong; native steers, 4.00@5.50; halfbreeds and Westerns, 3.00@4.15; oxen, 3.00@3.50; bulls, 2.50@3.40; cows, 3.15@3.25; dressed beef, steady; exports, 3,400 quarters of beef; tomorrow, 3,500 quarters of beef.

CALVES—Veals, barely steady; grassers, unchanged; Westerns, lower; veals, 5.00@8.50; no very choice here; grassers, 3.00@3.12; Westerns 3.50@4.00.

HOGS—Market 10c. lower; prime State and Pennsylvania hogs, 5.90@6.00.

WORLD OF LABOR.

A school for salesmen has been opened recently in Chicago.

Plans for the forming of two locals of bellboys' unions in Boston, Mass., are being made.

In Durban, Natal, bricklayers and plasterers receive 16s. a day, carpenters 15s. and plumbers and painters from 10s. to 12s.

San Francisco (Cal.) union butchers will follow the wake of the Oakland butchers and establish co-operative shops over the city.

A NEW PHASE OF THE CASE.

He took the lady in his boat;
She was a buxom neighbor.
She said: "It's really capital."
He muttered: "It is labor."
—Washington Star.

BRIGHT IDEAS.

Gritty George—Yes, Cinder Charlie made up as a Japanese and went around telling people he was injured in de war.

Sandy Pikes—Didn't they think he was a fraud when he asked for a few cents?

Gritty George—Oh, he asked for a few yen.—Chicago News.

THEY PROFITED.

"I remember Schemer was a great chap for thinking out plans for getting rich. I suppose now he's wealthier than any of his friends."

"O, no; his friends used the plans while he was dreaming over them."—Detroit Free Press.

HAD TO SHAKE.

"Yale has added a course in insurance."

"And if the husky half back should later on set up as a solicitor, what a lot of unpleasant trouble it might be to shake him off."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HIS EXPERIENCE.

Singleton—Do you believe that marriage is a failure?

Wedderly—No; merely an assignment in which the wife is a preferred creditor.—Chicago Journal.

IT WASN'T THE BREAD.

"Sick at your stomach, eh?" said the boy's mother. "What made you that way?"

"I guess," said the boy, reproachfully, "it was that bread you made me eat at lunch time."

"Indeed? Where have you been all afternoon?"

"Over in Old Man Peters' apple orchard."—Philadelphia Press.

HER IDEA.

Mother—You say you didn't let him hug you? Why, Ethel, I was sure I saw you hugging him.

Ethel—Well—er—I thought if I only squeezed him real hard I might make him let go.—Philadelphia Press.

HARD ON ARTHUR.

She—Arthur, I showed papa that poem you wrote about me.

He—And was he pleased?

She—Yes. He says that he is satisfied now that at least you are not a poet.—Fliegende Blaetter.

BALD AND BEARDLESS.

"Yes," said the barber, "old men and boys are easily flattered."

"Yes?" queried the occupant of the chair.

"Yes; you can usually flatter an old man by asking him if he wants a hair cut, and a boy by asking if he wants a shave."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

COMPROMISED.

She drew herself haughtily to her full height.

"This is too much—too much," she cried, pale and trembling.

"Then I'll make it $14.99," said the milliner.

"Very well; wrap it up."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Fred—What do you think of Miss Hyatt?

Joe—Oh, she's a nice looking girl, but her actions are a trifle unwomanly.

Fred—Unwomanly?

Joe—Yes; she actually insists upon putting on her gloves before going out into the street.—Chicago News.

A LONG LINE.

"Young Bragley is our sporting editor now," said Sapceryte, of the Howler. "Succeeding his father, you know."

"Seems to run in the family, eh?"

"Oh, yes! Why, Bragley claims that one of his ancestors was sporting editor of Addison's Spectator."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

A BAD BARGAIN.

"Did Wilkey get away with you on that horse dicker?"

"No, but the horse did the first time I hitched him up."—Detroit Free Press.

CIRCUMVENTING FATE.

The palmist against studied the lines in the young man's hand.

"You will have a long life, sir," she said.

"Well, that's some comfort."

"Yes," she went on; "your line of life, as we call it, has a break in it, about the middle, but I can see that you have repaired it for my inspection by creasing it with your fingernail or the back of a knife blade, or something of the kind. A man that will do that will be shrewd enough to cheat death in some way or other when his time comes. Fifty cents, please."—Chicago Tribune.

Dogs Became Intoxicated.

A beer wagon collided with an ice cream stand at Providence, R. I., and the stock of cream was precipitated into the street. A leaky beer barrel turned the mass into a sort of frozen pudding, which was partaken of by several dogs. Two of the more voracious of the animals became badly intoxicated and wandered aimlessly about in a most amusing manner for a long time.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The railway up Mont Blanc is to be completed within six years.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The first London borough to supply electricity was St. Pancras.

Catarrh cured at home. Three preparations in one package. Ask your dealer for "Dr. Hartley's Great Remedy," of Baltimore, Md.

C. A. Parker has been elected first vice president of the Pere Marquette.

On the Trail with a Fish Brand Pommel Slicker

"I followed the trail from Texas to Montana with a FISH BRAND Slicker, used for an overcoat when cold, a wind coat when windy, a rain coat when it rained, and for a cover at night if we got to bed, and I will say that I have gotten more comfort out of your slicker than any other one article that I ever owned."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had on application.)

Wet Weather Garments for Riding, Walking, Working, or Sporting

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited TORONTO, CANADA

The Sign of the Fish TOWER'S FISH BRAND

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PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks Solicited.

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NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

AN ENTIRE MEDICINE CHEST
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
QUICKLY RELIEVES PAINS AND ACHES
Kills Germs
FOR MAN OR BEAST
DR. EARL S. SLOAN, 615 ALBANY ST., BOSTON, MASS

Constipation

Biliousness, Sick Headache and all Liver and Bowel Complaints can be cured by using according to directions

Parsons' Pills

They do not irritate the stomach and bowels like violent purges, but act easily and gently. Taken after dinner by hearty eaters they remove all possibility of indigestion. 25 cents a bottle; five $1.00, at druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

A NEW CRIPPLE CREEK IN OLD MEXICO.

The Toltec Mining & Smelting Co. owns NINE PRODUCING GOLD MINES, with fine water power, in the State of Oaxaca, Mexico, covering 280 acres. One ledge has 800,000 tons of free milling ore in sight above water level, averaging $14.00 per ton, and there are FOURTEEN other ledges. No promotion stock. 1600 feet of tunnels. The Company offers 100,000 shares of its stock at only 25c. a share, par value $1.00, for next thirty days, for the purpose of erecting a mill with fifty tons daily capacity. This will net $500 a day after paying all expenses, or 30 per cent. annual dividends on par value of all stock issued. Every dollar invested goes to improve the property. REMEMBER, our property is in the heart of a wonderfully rich gold district. A few hundred dollars invested now will soon increase ten fold in value, and produce an income for life. Highest Bank references furnished. Remit by Bank Exchange or write for illustrated prospectus, to A. W. CUNNINGHAM, over First Nat'l Bank, Waco, Tex.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

BNU 44

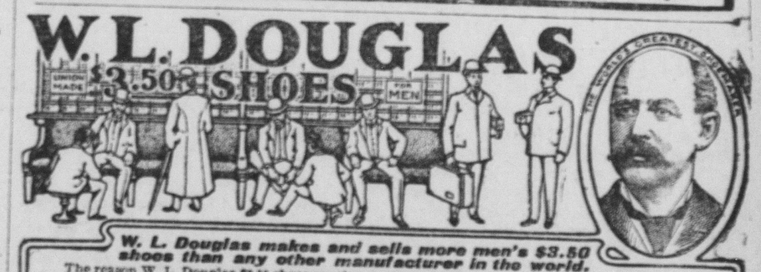
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were $6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00."—D. B. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

FREE TO BOYS

A COMPLETE FOOTBALL OUTFIT, WORTH $3.00

Consisting of a pair of intercollegiate football pants, sleeveless jacket, fine quality worsted belt, and handsome heavy pair of stockings—a splendid outfit.

BOYS, we give you free this Handsome Football Outfit for selling only thirty-two of our fine quality handkerchiefs at 10c. each.

EVERYBODY USES HANDKERCHIEFS—QUICK, EASY SELLERS—SEND NO MONEY—WE TRUST YOU WITH THE HANDKERCHIEFS TO SELL.

When sold, send us the money and you will receive at once the complete football outfit FREE. WE PREPAY ALL EXPRESS CHARGES. Send your name and address at once.

Le Moyne Handkerchief Co., 12 East 14th St., N. Y.

OTHER PREMIUMS. All Wool Sweaters. Roller Skates. Fountain Pens. Boxing Gloves. Watches, etc.

FREE TO GIRLS

Two Beautiful Dolls.

A HANDSOME SUNDAY DOLL AND A VERY FINE EVERY DAY DOLLY.

OUR SUNDAY DOLL is a big beauty, elaborately dressed, bisque head, curly hair, pearly teeth, jointed body, sleeping eyes, dressed in silk or satin and lace, large, elegant hat, shoes and stockings to match—a perfect doll lady.

OUR EVERY DAY DOLL is a large dolly, bisque head, flowing hair—a real nice every day dolly.

EXTRA PRESENTS. A beautiful Japanese doll fan and half a dozen dainty doll handkerchiefs.

GIRLS, we give you the entire doll outfit for selling only thirty-two of our fine quality handkerchiefs at 10c. each.

SEND NO MONEY. WE TRUST YOU WITH THE HANDKERCHIEFS TO SELL. When sold send us the money, and you will receive at once the complete elegant doll outfit. WE PAY ALL EXPRESS CHARGES. Send your name and address at once.

OTHER PREMIUMS. Wool Sweaters, School Umbrellas, Roller Skates, Fountain Pens, Manicure Sets, etc.

Le Moyne Handkerchief Co., 12 East 14th St., New York.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1904.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian — Centre Hall, Friday evening, 7.30; Saturday, 2.30 p. m.; Sunday, 10.30 a. m., communion; and 7 p. m.

Evangelical—Centre Hall, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening.

Lutheran—No services.

Reformed—Tusseyville, preparatory services Saturday afternoon, communion Sunday morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

Saturday, October 29, 12 m., at Colyer—Engine and saw mill, pony mill, shingle mill, chop mill, shingles, lumber, etc., etc.—B. D. Brisbin & Co.

Thursday, November 10, 12 o'clock, J. B. Royer, 1½ miles south of Centre Hill, three work horses, three cows, ten head young cattle,—5 are eighteen months old; 5 from 2 to 7 months old; farm implements, etc.

Wednesday, November 23, 10 a. m., ½ mile east of Centre Hall, on Brush Valley road. farm stock and implements. Annie and Lizzie Bible.

List Corrections.

The Reporter subscription list was corrected this week, and if you have paid subscription between September 13 and October 24, you should examine your label and report if proper credit has not been given. Don't wait to do this, but act immediately.

Florida and the Sunny South.

Beginning October 15, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell Winter excursion tickets to the resorts of Florida, the Carolinas and other states in the South and Southwest, at greatly reduced rates. For specific rates, limits, and other conditions of tickets, consult any ticket agent. (42)

The New York World.

Reporter readers who wish to keep posted on current events should add to their list of newspapers the Thrice-a-Week New York World, which can be had at the rate of sixty-five cents a year, if subscription is paid in advance, through this office. This is the exact cost of the World, and the offer is good only to Reporter readers whose subscription is pre-paid.

Oil Well Diggers Strike Gas.

Natural gas from the working itself has been used since Saturday morning as fuel for the boiler used in the drilling of an oil well being sunk on the Dan Long farm, about three miles south of Stoyestown, Somerset county. The gas was struck Friday at 2200 feet and showed a pressure of 100 pounds, leading the drillers to believe that it is sufficient in quantity and pressure to warrant its use commercially in case no oil is found.

Sunday Afternoon Accident.

Sunday afternoon, while the scholars were gathering for Sunday school at the Forge church, near the Nittany Furnace, Russel Miller, a lad seventeen years old, was fooling with an old revolver, and Lewis Miller, aged seventeen, and a half dozen other boys were watching him when the firearm exploded, the ball entering the left arm of Lewis Miller, below the elbow. The accident happened in the vestibule of the church and caused a great deal of excitement among the scholars.

"Taps" at Broad Street Theatre.

"Taps" the German military drama, which during its recent engagement at the Lyric Theatre, New York, was adjudged a dramatic sensation, will for two weeks beginning Monday, October 24, be the attraction at the Broad Street Theatre, Philadelphia. This production will give us another opportunity of witnessing the very artistic work of Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon, who this season are starring jointly under the direction of Sam. S. Shubert. For the first time in many years Mr. Kelcey will be seen in a character part, his role, that of a sturdy, honest, uncompromising old soldier, whose heart and soul are bound up in his loyalty to his regiment and his love for his daughter, is one admirably suited to his splendid abilities. Miss Shannon is also most happily placed and has an emotional role which affords her the best opportunity of her notable career. There will be the usual Wednesday and Thursday matinees during this engagment.

LOCALS.

Clover seed wanted. Price according to quality—J. H. & S. E. Weber, Centre Hall and Oak Hall.

Hon. W. M. Allison and Merchant C. P. Long were in town Friday evening of last week. Both are prominent citizens of Spring Mills.

A preliminary operation was performed on Mrs. Rhone, in the German Hospital, Philadelphia, a few days ago. The result was satisfactory.

B. D. Brisbin & Co. advertise public sale of a saw mill and engine, shingle mill, pony mill, chop mill, shingles, lumber, etc., at Colyer, Saturday, October 29, one o'clock. See posters.

Barber Frank Geary is the big gun among Centre Hall hunters, because on Monday he killed a wild turkey gobbler weighing twelve pounds, the largest of the three birds brought to town this season.

These fine October days find the farmers unusually busy. Election talk is being postponed until November comes in. With all this, there is every indication that the full vote of the rural districts will be cast.

ASSAULTED BY A NEGRO.

Miss Emma Love Knocked Down and Robbed.

A most dastardly and cowardly assault was made on Miss Emma Love, a sister of Judge Love, of Bellefonte, by a burly negro, one evening last week. Miss Love resides with two sisters near Nealmont, a short distance east of Tyrone. She had been shopping in Tyrone during the afternoon and left for her home about 7 o'clock. She rode to Nealmont on a trolley car and from there started to walk to her home When within a short distance of the house a negro stepped out from behind a tree and dealt her a murderous blow on the head with a club, which rendered her unconscious. In falling her head struck a sharp stone cutting a deep gash in her forehead above the left eye. The negro, probably thinking he had killed his victim, hurried away with her purse which contained about five dollars in cash. A few minutes later Miss Love recovered and made her way to her home.

Ed. Mills a negro, was arrested on suspicion, and later confessed that he committed the crime.

A bloodhound was put on the trail of the negro and easily followed him for a distance. The dog finally lost connections, but later regained it and led his master to the cell in which Mills was confined.

Upon being called into court Monday morning the negro confessed, and was immediately sentenced to nine years in the penitentiary.

No New Trial.

The court refused to grant a new trial in the case of William Dillon and Ira Green, found guilty of first degree murder, Turnkey Jerry Condo being the victim.

The death sentence will be imposed Monday of next week.

From Orangeville, Ill.

A few items taken from the Orangeville Courier, published in Orangeville, Ill., will be of interest to the Reporter readers:

David A. Rockey died at the age of eighty years, four months and fifteen days. He was born in Centre county, and was first married to Elizabeth Kleckner, and after her death to Mary Paul, now deceased.

Mrs. John Frybarger celebrated her eighty-ninth birthday. She is enjoying good health at present. She was born October 17, 1815, in Centre county, Pa., and came west sixty-three years ago.

LOCALS.

Miss Ollie Snook, of Millheim, is the guest of the family of Henry Stoner, of near Tusseyville.

Wilbur Burkholder, assistant ticket agent in the Pennsylvania railroad office in Bellefonte, is at the World's Fair, St. Louis, he having accompanied Thomas Swartz on the trip.

J. W. Neese, who a short time ago came here from West Superior, Wisconsin, is now at Beaver Springs, Union county, where he is assisting J. S. Auman, formerly of this place, to operate a flour and feed mill.

George Myers, of Bald Eagle, while out hunting near Beecher's camp was accidentally shot in the thigh by a companion. The charge entered the flesh to a depth of several inches and made a bad wound. No serious results are anticipated.

Mary E. Stover died at Mill Hall, aged almost ninety years. Previous to her marriage to Hines Stover, now deceased, she was Mary E. Black. She and her husband lived at Flemington, Lamar, Nittany Hall and Salona, where Mr. Stover's death occurred.

Daniel Ilgen bought five head of thoroughbred Aberdeen-Angus cattle at Ricker's stock sale. According to the Sugar Valley Journal the investment he made is a good one, as the above breed of cattle is the most profitable stock the farmers of Sugar Valley can raise.

Samuel Stump is tickled to his boots because he eluded the calithumpians who gathered at the home of his bride to do them honor. The boys thought both bride and groom were getting the benefit of their lung power mixed with the rasping noise of the horse fiddle and saw, but the latter was elsewhere at that hour and had only the pleasure of hearing the incident related.

Mrs. W. Frank Bradford and son William, of Centre Hall, have planned a trip to Joliet, Illinois, where they will visit Miss Effie Dillman, a niece of D. L. Kerr, of near Centre Hill. They will leave Wednesday of next week. Miss Dillman, who is known to many of the readers, is a business woman, having taken up the real estate business of her brother at his death, and is meeting with marked success.

Hon. Leonard Rhone was one of the prominent members of the order of Patrons of Husbandry who was present at and took an active part in the meeting held in Philadelphia by the farmers, merchants and state officials to lay plans to prevent the repeal of the Grout bill, which taxes oleomargarine. The Grout law is in the interest of the producers of pure butter, and it is only natural that a man of Mr. Rhone's convictions should lead his energies in the effort to prevent the mighty oleo trust throwing off the tax imposed by law.

FELL HISTORIC TREE.

Patriarch of Forest Will be Preserved as Ruble Family Heirloom.

To preserve one of Mifflin county's oldest landmarks, a tree a century and a half old, and bearing an inscription carved on it in 1773, woodmen have sawed down the patriarch of the forests and removed it to the front yard of Samuel L. Swartzell's home, near Lock Mills.

The tree, which is a beech, stood in the southeastern part of Armaugh township, on what is known as the George Swartzell farm.

The following information was taken from the notes of John Swartzell, of Milroy, an old civil engineer, who was probably better posted on the the history of that section of Mifflin county than any other man living:

"An old beech tree, which measures five feet eleven inches in circumference and fifty feet high, being hollow at the butt, stands on the George Swartzell farm. In the bark of this tree Matthias Ruble cut his initials in the year of 1773 (M. 1773 R). This was about two years before the Indians made their last raid in that neighborhood. The other names are as follows: J. S., 1831; John Swartzell, from whose notes the history was taken; G. S. R., 1876; George S. Ruble, a grandson of Matthias Ruble, and many others, but all of more recent date.

The tree will be be preserved, and known as the Ruble family tree.

$50,000 for Dickinson College.

Dr. George Edward Reed, president of Dickinson College, Carlisle, announced that, having succeeded in raising $50,000 for rebuilding Denny Hall, destroyed by fire March 3, 1904, he had received from Andrew Carnegie a check for $50,000, to be used in payment of obligations incurred in the erection of the new collegiate preparatory building, and for the full completion and equipment of the same.

In accord with the wish of Mr. Carnegie, the new collegiate preparatory building will be named Conway Hall, in honor of Dr. Moncure D. Conway, an alumnus of Dickinson, of the class of '52, and an old friend of Mr. Carnegie.

By this gift Mr. Carnegie has saved Dickinson from serious financial disaster threatened by reason of the fire.

Conway Hall will be completed at once and be made ready for dedication. The new Denny Hall will also be completed in the near future.

Plum Grove.

Mrs. W. H. Swartz and daughter Prudence visited with friends at Millheim a few days last week.

Miss Rose Kritzer spent Sunday with her mother, near Egg Hill.

A rousing serenading took place at the home of Eliza Stump, last Friday evening.

The young people of this place were well represented at the festival at Centre Hall, Saturday evening, which proved to be a success.

Jerome Auman, of Linden Hall, spent some time with his father, helping to thresh.

Burnham.

Work at the Standard Steel works seems to be getting some better.

A. A. Stevenson, superintendent of the Standard Steel works, and his wife have returned from a visit to St. Louis and other parts of the west.

W. P. Mann, foreman of the soft iron foundry, who was taken to the hospital for treatment, is getting along nicely.

Homer Treaster, of near Centre Hall, made a business trip to these parts last week.

Miss Sara Barger, of Lewistown, spent two weeks at her home in Centre county quite recently.

W. H. Madara made a business trip to Centre county last Saturday.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. J. H. Ross visited at the home of Elmer Ross, at Lemont, several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Homan returned Friday from a five week's visit among friends in northern Illinois, Wisconsin, and St Louis. During the trip they spent some time with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Crawford, in Freeport, and Mrs. Homan's brother, Adam Fye, in Lena, both families being well known in Centre county.

E. C. Ross and sister, Mrs. Alice Weaver, transacted business at the county seat on Friday.

Miss Irvin, of Lock Haven, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Gertrude Ross.

Mrs. John Schreck spent a few days with Mrs. Weibly last week.

Mrs. Roy Swabb and little daughter, of Erie, arrived here Saturday for a short visit at Grandpa Swabb's, and to help eat the squirrels Roy has been capturing during his stay here.

Mrs. Sallie Corman came home Friday, having been summoned by the serious illness of her father, the venerable Samuel McClintic.

Farmers in this section are busy baling hay, hulling clover seed and husking corn.

Mrs. Nora Smith, of Altoona, visited at the home of James M. Ross, last week.

Ellis Orvis, the people's choice for Judge, canvassed this section last week. He was well received and made many friends during his travels.

The west bound passenger train on Monday afternoon killed a cow for Henry Gingerich.

J. W. Sunday, of Pennsylvania Furnace, is a guest at the home of G. W. Miller.

Mrs. Alex. Everhart, of Altoona, is spending a few weeks with her sisters and old acquaintances in Centre county.

Miss Janet McFarlane returned from a two week's stay with friends in Bellefonte.

Clover seed wanted. Price according to quality—J. H. & S. E. Weber, Centre Hall and Oak Hall.

SHERIFF'S ELECTION PROCLAMATION:

God save the Commonwealth: I, H. S. Taylor, High Sheriff of the County of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the County aforesaid that an election will be held in the said County of Centre on the

SECOND TUESDAY IN NOVEMBER, 1904,

being the 8th of November, A. D. 1904, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named to wit:—

Thirty-four persons for Presidential electors for Pennsylvania.

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the Twenty-first Congressional District of Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

One person for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County.

Two persons for Representatives in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

One person for Senator in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

One person for Prothonotary of Centre County.

One person for District Attorney of Centre County.

One person for County Surveyor of Centre County.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding elections in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the County of Centre is as follows:

For the north ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the Hook and Ladder Company's house on east Howard street in Bellefonte, (now Logan Engine Company.)

For the south ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the west ward of the borough of Bellefonte, in the carriage shop of S. A. McQuistian in Bellefonte.

For the first ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the vacant store room of Dr. Thomas B. Potter.

For the second ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the public building at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets.

For the third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Hale school house, northeast corner of Sixth and Presqueisle streets.

For the borough of Centre Hall, in a room at Runkle's hotel.

For the borough of Howard, at public school house in said borough.

For the borough of Millheim, in the old school house now the Municipal building.

For the borough of Milesburg, in a new borough building on Market street.

For the borough of South Philipsburg, at the dwelling house of John Summers.

For the borough of Unionville, at the new school house in said borough.

For the borough of State College, on the second floor of the Holmes building.

For the township of Benner, north precinct, at the Knox school house.

For the township of Benner, south precinct, at Hoy's school house.

For the township of Boggs, north precinct, at the public school house known as Walker's school house.

For the township of Boggs, east precinct, at hall of Knights of Labor in the village of Curtins.

For the township of Boggs, west precinct, at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Burnside, at the building owned by Wm. Watson.

For the township of College, at the school house in the village of Lemont.

For the township of Curtins, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the township of Ferguson, east precinct, at the public house of J. A. Decker (now R. R. Randolph.)

For the township of Ferguson, west precinct, at Baileyville hall in the village of Baileyville.

For the township of Gregg, north precinct, at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg, east precinct, in room of house occupied by Andrew Zettle, at Penn Hall.

For the township of Gregg, west precinct, in a room at David Rhul's (now Philip Drumm's hotel.)

For the township of Haines, east precinct, at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines, west precinct, at the public house or hotel in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Halfmoon, at the Grand Army Post hall, in the village of Stormstown.

For the township of Harris, at the town hall in the public school house in the village of Boalsburg.

For the township of Howard, at the office of Howard Creamery Company.

For the township of Huston, in old Grist Mill in the town of Julian.

For the township of Liberty, east precinct, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Liberty, west precinct, at the public school house at Monument.

For the township of Marion, at the shop of Samuel Aley in the village of Jacksonville.

For the township of Miles, east precinct, at the dwelling house of Jasper Wolf at Wolf's Store.

For the township of Miles, middle precinct, at wagon makers shop of W. J. Weber in Rebersburg.

For the township of Miles, west precinct, in the empty store room of Elias Miller, at Madisonburg.

For the township of Patton, in the shop of John Hoy, at Waddle.

For the township of Penn, in the house formerly owned by Luther Guiswite, at Coburn.

For the township of Potter, north precinct, at the Old Fort hotel.

For the township of Potter, south precinct, at the hotel in the village of Potters Mills.

For the township of Potter, west precinct, at the store of George Meiss at Colyer.

For the township of Rush, north precinct, at the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush, east precinct, at public school building in the town of Cassanova.

For the township of Rush, south precinct, at the public school house at the village of Powelton.

For the township of Snow Shoe, east precinct, in second floor of Buddinger building, in the village of Snow Shoe, over barber shop.

For the township of Snow Shoe, west precinct, at the house of Mrs. L. B. Davis, Moshannon, now Alonzo Grove.

For the township of Spring, north precinct, in the office of the Nittany Iron Company.

For the township of Spring, south precinct, at the public house of John C. Mulfinger, in the village of Pleasant Gap.

For the township of Spring, west precinct, at the hall occupied by the Coleville band in the village of Coleville.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Union, at the township public building.

For the township of Walker, east precinct, in Frank Emerick's hotel in the village of Nittany.

For the township of Walker, middle precinct, at the Grange hall in the village of Hublersburg.

For the township of Walker, west precinct, in the dwelling house of John Royer in the village of Zion.

For the township of Worth, at the hall of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, at Port Matilda.

The following is the official list of nominations made by the several parties, and as their names will appear upon the ticket to be voted for on the eighth day of November, 1904, at the different voting places in Centre county, as certified to, respectively by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Commissioners of Centre county, to wit:

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.
For President and Vice President
ROOSEVELT AND FAIRBANKS.
Presidential Electors.

Robert Pitcairn
Levi G. McCauley
George J. Elliott
Joseph B. McCall
Robert C. H. Brock
John E. Rayburn
Kennedy Crossan
Edward Patton
John Taylor Wolfenden
Joseph Boser
James D. Landis
Frederick W. Fleitz
Frederick C. Johnson
Walter J. Whitehouse
Charles D. Werley
John H. Brown
Edward G. Schieffelin
William C. McConnell
W. Scott Alexander
John Hays
William Lauder
George L. Deardorff
James Orlando Brookbank
John H. Negley
Isaiah Good
William S. Parker
John C. Sturgeon
Archibald Johnston
J. Frank Graff
J. C. Millin
Charles W. Dahlinger
Albert P. Burchfield
J. Welfred Holmes
William McConway

Judge of the Supreme Court
John P. Elkin
Representative in Congress
Solomon R. Dresser
Senator in the General Assembly
Edward A. Irvin
Representative in the General Assembly
P. E. Womelsdorf
John L. Knisely
Judge of the Court of Common Pleas
John G. Love
Prothonotary
George E. Lamb
District Attorney
H. H. Harshberger
County Surveyor
D. W. Fletcher

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.
For President and Vice President.
PARKER AND DAVIS

Continued on Page 4.

Important Announcement.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

For Men and Young Men

We take great pleasure in announcing to the men and young men of Bellefonte and vicinity that we are EXCLUSIVE SELLERS IN THIS COUNTY of the famous custom-made, ready-to-wear Suits and Overcoats that bear the name of

B. Kuppenheimer & Co.

Of Chicago, America's Leading Clothes Makers.

The name of Kuppenheimer stands pre-eminent throughout America as the guarantee of absolutely the best ready-to-wear clothing that can be produced. B. Kuppenheimer & Co. have but one purpose—to provide well dressed men with ready-to-wear clothing that will stand the closest comparison with the highest priced garments—the most exclusive workmanship—of the best merchant tailors in the world. Kuppenheimer woolens are chosen by an expert; their journeymen tailoring force is conducted by a master mind, while their fashioners and designers each season send out these styles, which are at once accepted in the masculine world as correct—as authoritative. No garment leaves their workroom that is not exquisitely finished in every detail, bearing the unmistakable marks of skillful handwork. Notwithstanding the superiority of this famous clothing, we offer the various lines of Suits and Overcoats at our usual modest prices.

PRICES FROM $12 TO $30 FOR
Kuppenheimer Suits and Overcoats

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

MORE BARGAINS

From October 1 to December 1.

Here we are again. From October 1 to December 1 with all kinds of . . . .

Cook Stoves, Ranges and Oak Heaters

12 Rolls of CARPET

to select from, ranging in price from the cheapest to the best, and at prices lower than you can get elsewhere.

LINOLEUM and TABLE OIL CLOTH

. . . Wall Paper . . .

Almost Giving It Away.

JOHN SMITH & BRO.

SPRING MILLS.

THE BEST SHOES

Thinking of Buying Shoes?

Here's Information for You. Yeager & Davis . . . . .

Have the most complete family Shoe Store in Centre county where every member of the family can find Variety, Style, Fit, Finish, Comfort, Price and General Satisfaction. We do not claim all and the only good shoe made, but we do have the very best to be had in the different grades and our prices are the lowest.

To prove the above we ask you to examine the list of the goods we have, or, better still, come in person and look over the shoes in stock. It will satisfy you that our claims are based on solid facts and that this is the place to buy footwear. We do business on the live and let live plan. Treat all alike, and have but one price.

Our Leading Lines Always In Stock . . . . . .

For Men	For Women . . . .
STETSON	JOHN H. CROSS
BILT WELL	DOROTHY DODD SHOES
WALK OVER	YEAGER & DAVIS SPECIAL

We have the well known Freed Brothers Working Shoes.

We have a full line of Tan Shoes, high and low cuts,
We can give you men's all leather shoes for dress or work for $1.00
We can give you women's all leather shoes, high or low cut, for $1.00
Why shuffle about in shoes too large
Or limp in a pair too small,
When Yeager & Davis have sizes to fit you all.
Style, Finish, Durability and Prices guaranteed to give satisfaction.

YEAGER & DAVIS

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COUCHES . . .

That we have the best line of Couches that can be bought at the prices.

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A nice selection of Iron Beds and Cribs will be in soon. You can buy one at a bargain. Don't miss the opportunity.

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Rugs are selling lower than usual.

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Morris Chairs, Parlor Chairs, Center Stands, Clothes Trees, Picture Easles, Pictures, Window Shades—lots of them, and they will be sold almost at cost.

Cupboards and Sinks made to order.

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